

DESCRIPTION OF SELECTED DRILL CORES FROM PALEOZOIC ROCKS,

LOST SOLDIER OIL FIELD, SOUTH-CENTRAL WYOMING

PART I. WELLS 114A; Tract 13, C-128; Tract 4, C-14;  
Tract 10, T-1; Tract 10, C-2

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This report is preliminary and has not been edited  
or reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey  
standards or nomenclature.

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## INTRODUCTION

In graphic form, this report describes drill cores from five wells in the Lost Soldier oil field, south-central Wyoming (fig. 1). The wells are on the southwest and northeast flanks of the Lost Soldier anticline. Rocks described range in age from Permian to Precambrian, but most belong to the Tensleep Sandstone of Pennsylvanian age. Table 1 summarizes the well locations, units described, and depths of intervals cored and lists individuals responsible for the descriptions and interpretations. The report is the first of a series that will describe cores from selected wells in the Lost Soldier, Wertz, Sand Draw, Happy Springs, and Crooks Gap oil fields, Wyoming. The text and graphic descriptions have been prepared for open-file release by Mitchell W. Reynolds.

Drill cores described here were provided by Pasco, Inc., Englewood, Colorado, as part of a cooperative program with the U.S. Geological Survey, to study in detail reservoir characteristics in selected producing oil fields of central Wyoming. Careful identification of rock types and successions, stratification types, fractures, mineral cementation, and distribution of oil might aid in predicting kinds, routes, and controls of fluid migration, thereby increasing the efficiency of secondary and tertiary recovery of oil.

Acknowledgments. Pasco, Inc., provided the drill core and financed its slabbing. Thomas F. Manera, Donald R. Holbert, and Ronald G. Brown of Pasco, Inc., contributed mechanical logs and some core analyses

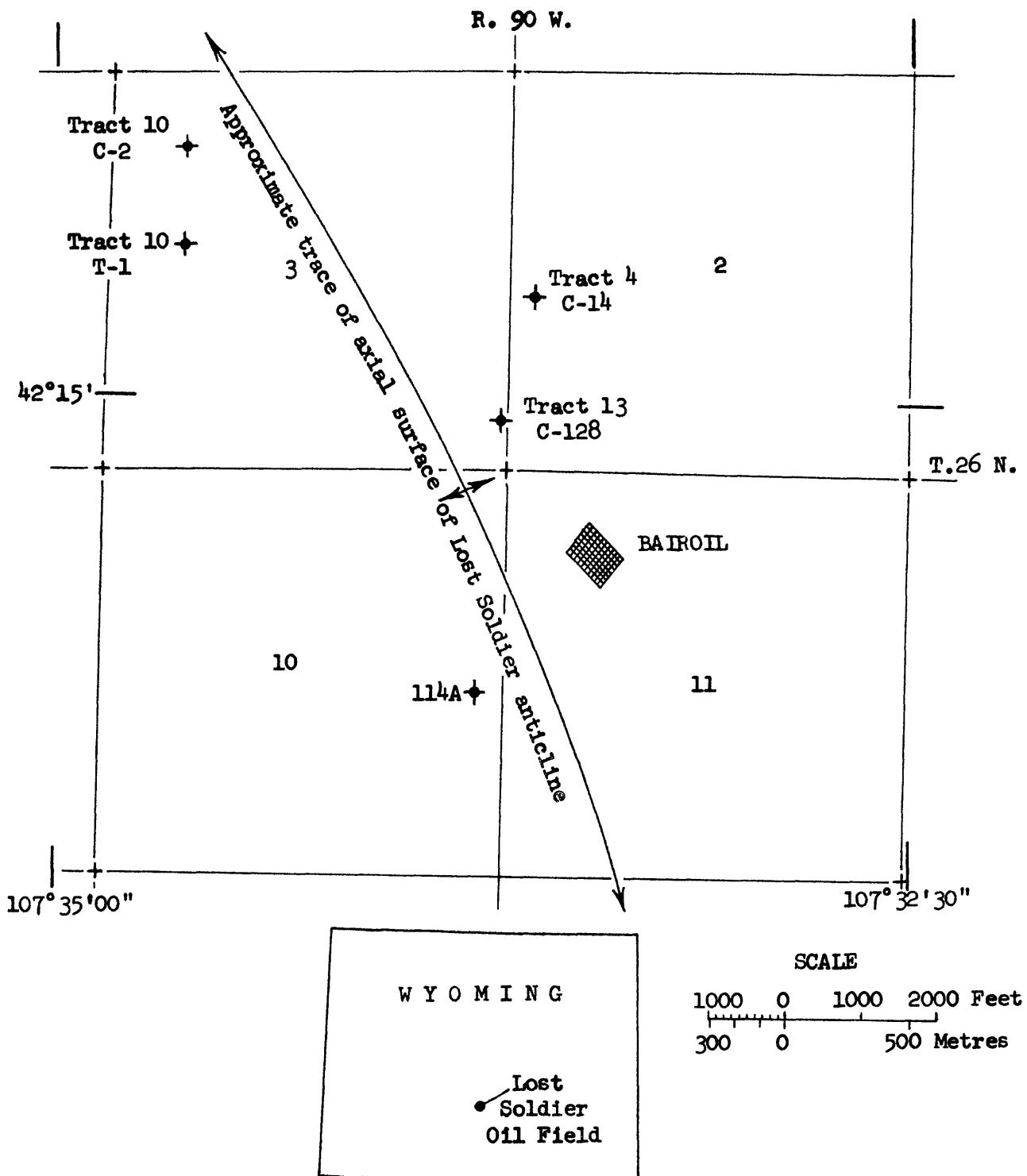


FIGURE 1. — Index map showing location of the Lost Soldier oil field and wells from which drill core is described in this report. Sections 2, 3, 10, and 11, T. 26 N., R. 90 W., are in Sweetwater County, Wyoming.

Operator and Well Number	Location and API Well Number	Units Described	Ages	Inclusive Depths Cored (feet)	Studied By
Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Unit 114A	NE NE SE sec. 10, T. 26 N., R. 90 W. 49-037-06011	Tensleep Sandstone (part) Ausden Formation (part) Darwin Sandstone Member of Ausden Formation (part) Madison Limestone (part)	Pennsylvanian Pennsylvanian Mississippian Mississippian	4669-5221 5221-5376 5376-5478 5478-5803	Mitchell W. Reynolds Thomas S. Ahlbrandt James E. Fox
Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Unit Tract 13, C-128	SE SE SE sec. 10, T. 26 N., R. 90 W. 49-037-20308	Goose Egg Formation (part) Tensleep Sandstone (part)	Permian Pennsylvanian	4047-41070 4070-41386	Mitchell W. Reynolds
Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Unit Tract 4, C-14	NW NW SW sec. 2, T. 26 N., R. 90 W. 49-037-06253	Tensleep Sandstone (part) Ausden Formation (part) Darwin Sandstone Member of Ausden Formation (part) Madison Limestone (part) Cambrian rocks undivided (part) Precambrian rocks	Pennsylvanian Pennsylvanian Mississippian Mississippian Cambrian Precambrian	5693-5635 5635-5651 5627-5830	Mitchell W. Reynolds James E. Fox Thomas S. Ahlbrandt
Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Unit Tract 10, T-1	SE SW NW sec. 3, T. 26 N., R. 90 W. 49-037-06282	Tensleep Sandstone (part) Ausden Formation (part)	Pennsylvanian Pennsylvanian	6096-6420 6420-65204	Thomas S. Ahlbrandt Paul W. Lambert James E. Fox assisted by T. F. Tyler
Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Unit Tract 10, C-2	SE SW NW sec. 3 T. 26 N., R. 90 W. 49-037-06285	Tensleep Sandstone (part) Flathead Sandstone (part)	Pennsylvanian Cambrian	6080-6114 7538-7828	Mitchell W. Reynolds

TABLE 1.--Location of wells from which cores are described in this report, showing formations with ages, depths of cored intervals, and investigators. All wells are in Sweetwater County, Wyoming.

to the study. C. Keith Fisher, U.S. Geological Survey, facilitated the handling of the core at the U.S. Geological Survey Core Library at Golden, Colorado, where William S. Bruggemeyer and Fred R. Clark transported, arranged, and catalogued the core. Cores described here are available for inspection upon request in advance at the U.S. Geological Survey Core Library, 418 Orchard Street, Golden, Colorado, 80401.

#### METHODS OF STUDY

Drill core examined for this report was slabbed parallel to its long axis but off-center, to produce slabs about 7.5 (3 in.) wide. Most core was not continuous because it had previously been broken and segments had been removed for core analyses, leaving segments 5-25 cm (2-10 in.) long for the present study. Each segment of slabbed core was inferred to be representative of a full 30-cm (1-ft) interval shown on figures 2 and 4-6. Only for the Atlantic Richfield Company well, Tract 13, C-128 was core continuous (fig. 3).

Table 2 summarizes abbreviations used in the graphic descriptions. The abbreviations generally follow those compiled by the A.A.P.G. Committee on Stratigraphic Correlations, as presented by Maher (1964). Tables 3-13 summarize symbols and standards used on the graphic logs and are arranged in their order of occurrence on log headings. Depths shown on the logs are in feet, as generally used by the petroleum industry in the United States. The scale along the edge of the lefthand column is in metres.

Pages of descriptions can be assembled in succession to form con-

tinuous strip logs of the intervals cored.

Examination Procedure. All slabbed core was examined under binocular microscope at magnifications ranging from about 10x to 400x. Spot chemical tests were first made on the slabbed core, then the flat surfaces were moistened with water to increase contrasts and to improve visibility of constituents for microscopic examination. Properties were identified by comparison to published standards (tables 8, 11, 12) or to standards established for this study (tables 3-7, 9, 10). Grain-size and porosity estimates were made through the binocular microscope by comparison to commercially available standards.

Identification of mineral grains and cement types was made visually through the microscope or by using mechanical or chemical tests. To distinguish calcite from dolomite, 0.1 N hydrochloric acid, calibrated first for reaction on carbonate rocks of known composition, was applied to the rock surface. Estimates of the kind and quantity of carbonate cement present were made by judging the relative speed and vigor of effervescence of the minerals in the dilute acid. Color identifications were made by comparison to the "Rock-Color Chart," published by the Geological Society of America (1963).

To test for the presence of oil where saturation was not evident, rock chips were placed in 111-trichloroethane solvent. After standing briefly, the solution was examined under long- and short-wave ultraviolet light for the intensity or absence of fluorescence resulting from the presence or absence of oil. Table 3 shows the symbols used in the graphic descriptions for estimates of different quantities of

oil saturation.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Mechanical and geophysical logs, including induction electrical and laterologs, sonic, gamma ray-neutron, and caliper, were available for the wells described here. However, core depths have not been adjusted to match depths on the logs. Results of core analyses were available for some wells, and this information was incorporated graphically (tables 3 and 5) on the descriptions in the columns for oil shows and porosity (figs. 2-6).

#### LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY

Study of the cores described here has been limited to visual inspection under binocular microscope. No thin sections were prepared to confirm identification of clasts, mineral cements, or fabrics; and no X-radiographs or X-ray analyses were made to study sedimentary structures or clay minerals. Because most cores were not continuous, the stratigraphic record of some breaks in sedimentation may not have been preserved.

Directional surveys for the drill holes were not incorporated into the present data. If a hole deviates significantly from a vertical orientation, values for the dip of stratification, cross stratification, or fractures measured on slabbed core may not be true values. Dips recorded on the logs were measured from an imaginary line perpendicular to the core edge; that imaginary line is assumed to be hori-

zontal. From drill-hole-direction information for several wells, we established that dips of algal laminae observed and measured on slabbed core approximate the structural dip in a hole within 4 to 10 degrees. Orientations of the cores either were not recorded at the drill site or were not marked on the cores, and so directions of dip of strata or cross-strata and fractures, or strikes of these elements are generally unresolved.

Visual estimation of porosity is difficult, and estimates differ among observers. Application of the quantitative classification for porosity shown on table 5 to the core descriptions of figures 2-6 is somewhat unequal and is approximate.

Depositional environments were interpreted from rock types, bedding and sedimentary structures, stratification sequences, and, rarely, fossils observed. The general absence of faunal control in the rocks precludes precise correlation of inferred depositional sequences, but approximate correlation of some characteristic sequences is possible. Investigators together examined some cores (wells Tract 4, C-14; Tract 10, T-1; and part of 114A) after describing them to standardize interpretations of depositional environments. Nevertheless, differences of interpretation persist for some intervals.

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Art. 52 (Cretaceous 1), 94 p.

TABLE 2. — Abbreviations for words used in descriptions of drill cores  
 (Modified from Maher, 1964)

About	abt	Carbonaceous	carb
Above	abv	Cavernous	cav
Abundant	abnt	Caving	cvg
Acicular	acic	Cement, cemented	cmt
Agglomerate	aglm	Center, centered	cntr
Aggregate	agg	Cephalopod	Ceph
Algae, algal	Alg	Chalcedony	chal
Altered, altering	alt	Chalk, chalky	chk
Amorphous	amor	Chert	cht
Amount	amt	Cherty	chty
And	&	Chitin, chitinous	chit
Angular, angle	ang	Chlorite, chloritic	chl
Anhedral	anhed	Clastic	clas
Anhydrite, anhydritic	anhy	Clay, clayey	cly
Aphanocrystalline	aphoxl	Claystone	clyst
Apparent	apr	Clean	cln
Appears	aprs	Clear	clr
Approximate, approximately	aprox	Cluster	cls
Aragonite	arag	Coarse, coarsely	c
Arenaceous	aren	Cobble	cbl
Argillaceous	arg	Color, colored	col
Arkose, arkosic	ark	Common	com
Asphalt, asphaltic	asph	Compact	cpet
At	@	Concentric	cnen
Average	av	Conchoidal	conch
Band, banded	bnd	Concretion, concretionary	conc
Barite, baritic	bar	Conglomerate	cgl
Basalt	bas	Conodont	Cono
Bed	bd	Contact	ctc
Bedded	bdd	Contorted	cntrt
Bedding	bdg	Coquina	coq
Bentonite, bentonitic	bent	Covered	cov
Biotite	biot	Crenulated	cren
Bioturbated	bioturb	Crevice	crev
Bitumen, bituminous	bit	Crinkled	crnk
Black	blk	Crinoid, crinoidal	Crin
Block, blocky	blk	Crossbedded	xbd
Blue, bluish	bl	Crossbedding	xbdg
Botryoidal	btry	Cross-laminated	xlam
Boulder	bldr	Cross-stratified	xstrat
Brachiopod	Brac	Cryptocrystalline	crpxl
Breccia, brecciated	brec	Cryptograin	crpgr
Bright	bri	Crystal, crystalline	xl
Brittle	brit	Cuttings	ctgs
Brown	brn	Dark	dk
Bryozoa	Bry	Dead	dd
Calcite, Calcareous	Calc	Debris	deb

TABLE 2.—Abbreviations for words used in descriptions of drill cores —  
Continued

Decrease, decreasing	decr	Friable	fri
Dendritic	dend	Frosted	fros
Dense	dns	Fusulinid	Fus
Determine	dtrm	Gabbro	gab
Detrital, detritus	dtl	Gastropod	Gast
Diameter	dia	Glassy	gl
Difference	dif	Glauconite, glauconitic	glauc
Disseminated	dism	Gloss, glossy	glos
Dolocast, dolocastic	dolc	Gneiss	gns
Dolomite, dolomitic	dol	Good	g
Dolomold, dolomoldic	dolmd	Grade, grades, graded	grd
Dolostone	dolst	Grading	grdg
Druse, drusy	drsy	Grain, grained	gr
Earthy	rthy	Granite	grnt
Echinoid	Ech	Granular	gran
Elliptical	elip	Granule	grnl
Elongate	elg	Graptolite	Grap
Embedded	embd	Gravel	gvl
Enlarged	enl	Gray	gy
Equivalent	equiv	Graywacke	gywke
Euhedral	euhed	Greasy	gsy
Evaporitic	evap	Green	gn
Expose, exposed, exposure	exp	Gritty	grty
Extrusive, extrusive	extr	Gypsum, gypsiferous	gyp
Faceted	fac	Hackly	hky
Faint	fnt	Hard	hd
Fair	fr	Heavy	hvy
Fault	flt	Hematite, hematitic	hem
Fauna	fau	Hexagonal	hex
Feldspar, feldspathic	fld	High	hi
Ferruginous	Fe	Horizontal	hztl
Fibrous	fib	Hydrocarbon	hydc
Figured	fig	Igneous	ig
Fine, finely	f	Imbedded	imbd
Fissile	fis	Impression	imp
Flaggy	flgy	Inclusion, includes	incl
Flake	flk	Increase, increasing	incr
Flaky	flky	Indistinct	indst
Flat, flattened	flat	Indurated	ind
Floating	fltg	Interbedded	intbd
Fluorescence	flor	Intercalated	intcl
Foliated	fol	Intercrystalline	intxl
Foraminifera	Foram	Interfingered	intfr
Formation	fm	Intergranular	intrgr
Fossil, fossiliferous	fos	Intergrown	intgwn
Fracture, fractured	frac	Interlaminated	intlam
Fragment, fragmental	frag	Interstitial	intstl
Fresh	frs	Interval	intv

TABLE 2. — Abbreviations for words used in descriptions of drill cores —  
Continued

Intraformational	intfm	Minimum	min
Intrusion, intrusive	intr	Minor	mnr
Invertebrate	inrvrb	Minute	mnut
Iron	Fe	Moderate	mod
Ironstone	Fest	Mollusca	Mol
Irregular	ireg	Mottled, mottling	mot
Iridescent	irid	Mudstone	mdst
Jasper, jasperoid	jasp	Muscovite	musc
Jointed	jtd	Nacreous	nac
Joints	jts	No, non-	n.
Kaolin	kao	Nodule, nodular	nod
Laminated	lam	Normal	nor
Large, larger	lrg	Numerous	num
Lavender	lav	Object	obj
Leached	lchd	Ochre	och
Ledge	ldg	Odor	od
Lenticular, lentil	len	Oil	o
Light, lighter	lt	Oil sand	o. sd
Lignite, lignitic	lig	Oil stain	o. stn
Limestone	ls	Olive	olv
Limonite, limonitic	lmn	Oolicast, colicastic	ooc
Limy	lmy	Oolite, oolitic	ool
Lithic, lithology	lith	Oomold, oomoldic	oom
Little	ltl	Opaque	op
Local	loc	Orange	orng
Long	lg	Organic	org
Loose	lse	Orthoclase	orth
Lower	low	Ostracode	Ost
Lumpy	lmpy	Oxidized	ox
Luster	lstr	Part, partly	pt
Magnetite or magnetic	magn	Parting	ptg
Marlstone	mrlst	Pearl, pearly	prly
Maroon	mar	Pebble	pbl
Massive	mas	Pebbly	pby
Material, matter	mat	Pelecypod	Plcy
Matrix	mtx	Pellet, pelletal	pel
Maximum	max	Permeability	perm
Median	mdn	Petroleum, petroliferous	pet
Medium	m	Phosphate, phosphatic	phos
Member	mbr	Pink	pk
Metamorphic	meta	Pin-point	p-p
Mica, micaceous	mica	Pisolite, pisolitic	piso
Microcrystalline	micxl	Pitted	pit
Microfossil (-iferous)	micfos	Plagioclase	plag
Micrograined	micgr	Plant fossils	pl fos
Micro-micaceous	mic-mica	Plastic	plas
Middle	mid	Platy	plty
Mineral, mineralized	mnrl	Polish, polished	pol

TABLE 2. -- Abbreviation for words used in descriptions of drill cores --  
Continued

Poor, poorly	p	Siderite, sideritic	sid
Porcelaneous	porc	Silica, siliceous	sil
Porosity, porous	por	Silky	slky
Possible, possibility	pos	Silt	slt
Predominate, predominantly	pred	Siltstone	sltst
Preserved, preservation	pres	Silty	slty
Primary	prim	Size	sz
Prism, prismatic	pris	Slabby	slab
Probable, probably	prob	Slickensides, slickensided	sks
Prominent, prominently	prom	Slight, slightly	sl
Pseudo-	psdo	Slump, slumped	slmp
Purple	purp	Small	s
Pyrite, pyritized	py	Smooth	sm
Pyrobitumen	pyrbit	Soft	sft
Pyroclastic	pyrclas	Solution	sol
Quartz	qtz	Sort	srt
Quartzite	qtzt	Sorted	srtd
Quartzitic	qtzc	Sorting	srtg
Quartzose	qtzs	Speck, speckled	spec
Radiate, radiating	rad	Sphalerite	sphal
Range, ranging	rng	Spherules	sph
Rare	rr	Spicule, spicular	spic
Regular	reg	Splintery	splt
Relict	rel	Sponge	Spg
Remains, remnant	rmn	Spore	Spr
Replace, replacing (-ment)	repl	Spot, spotted, spotty	sp
Residue, residual	resd	Stain, stained, staining	stn
Resinous	rsns	Stippled	stip
Reverse	rev	Stone	st
Rhomb, rhombic	rhmb	Strata, stratified,-cation	strat
Rock	rk	Streak	str
Round, rounded	rd	Striated	stri
Rubbly	rblly	Stringer	strg
Sample	spl	Stromatoporoid	Strom
Sand	sd	Structure	struc
Sandstone	ss	Stylolite	styl
Sandy	sdy	Subangular	sbang
Saturated, saturation	sat	Subhedral	sbhed
Scale, scales	sc	Subrounded	sbrd
Scarce	scs	Sucrose	suc
Scattered	scat	Sulphur	S
Schist	sch	Surface	surf
Scolecodonts	Scol	Tabular	tab
Secondary	sec	Texture	tex
Sediment, sedimentary	sed	Thick	tk
Selenite	sel	Thin	tn
Shadow	shad	Throughout	thru
Shale	sh	Tight, tightly	tt
Shaly	shy		

TABLE 2. — Abbreviations for words used in descriptions of drill cores —  
Continued

Trace	tr
Translucent	trnsl
Transparent	trnsp
Trilobite	Trilo
Tripoli, tripolitic	trip
Tubular	tub
Tuffaceous	tuf
Unconformity	unconf
Unconsolidated	uncons
Upper	up
Variable	var
Varicolored	vcol
Variegated	vgt
Varved	vrvd
Vein	vn
Vertebrate	vrtb
Vertical	vtcl
Very	v
Vesicular	ves
Vitreous	vit
Volcanic, volcanics	volc
Vug, vuggy, vugular	vug
Water	wtr
Wavy	wvy
Waxy	wxy
Weather, weathered	wthr, wthrd
Well	w
White	wh
With	w/
Without	w/o
Yellow	y
Zone	zn

TABLE 3. - Symbols used for shows of oil in descriptions of well cores

○	Trace of oil in cut with 111-trichloroethane solvent
●	Spotty, but significant show of oil in interval
●	Good cut of oil, commonly with streaming, in interval
■	Extensive oil saturation throughout interval

TABLE 4. - Symbols and abbreviations used for fractures in descriptions of well cores

\	Single planar or nearly planar fracture in core segment
	A few planar or nearly planar fractures in core segment
	Common planar or nearly planar fractures in core segment
████	Abundant planar or nearly planar fractures in core segment
████	Common curved anastomosing fractures
op	Open fracture
h	Healed fracture
oh or hop	Open and healed fractures in same interval
\ 75°	Fracture(s) dip 75° with respect to an imaginary line normal to core edge
\ 25-57°	Several fractures with dips ranging from 25-57° with respect to an imaginary line normal to core edge

TABLE 5. — Abbreviations and symbols for porosity types and quantities used in descriptions of drill cores

Abbreviations

intrgr	intergranular
intrxl	intercrystalline
frac	fracture
frac;intrgr	fracture and intergranular
vug	vuggy
moldic	moldic
dolmd	dolomoldic

Intervals for graph on log heading "Visual Porosity Estimate"

Interval	Approximate Value
None	0 to < 1 percent
Poor	1 to 10 percent
Good	10 to 20 percent
Excellent	>20 percent

(Visual estimates and recording estimates may vary somewhat among investigators)

TABLE 6.—Symbols for general rock types and selected minerals used in graphic descriptions of drill cores

Conglomerate	Limestone	Calcareous
Sandstone	Dolostone	Dolomitic
Siltstone	Gypsum	Chert
Mudstone	Salt	Tuff, tuffaceous, bentonite (-ic)
Claystone	Coal	Granite
Breccia	Anhydritic	Schist, schistose
Anhydrite nodule	Chert nodule	Glauconite

TABLE 7. — Abbreviations for colors used in descriptions of drill cores

Black	blk
Blue, bluish	bl
Brilliant	blt
Brown, brownish	brn
Clear	clr
Color, colored	col
Colorless	clss
Dark	dk
Dusky	dsk
Gray, grayish	gy
Green, greenish	gn
Lavender	lav
Light, lighter	lt
Maroon	mar
Medium	m
Ochre	och
Olive	olv
Orange	orng
Pale	p
Pink	pk
Red	r
Purple	purp
Tan	t
Varicolored	vcol
Variegated	vgt
Very	v
White	wh
Yellow, yellowish	y

Names and numbers (for example 10YR6/2) for colors used in descriptions of drill cores are from Rock-Color Chart (Geological Society of America, 1963)

TABLE 8. - Grain-size scales for detrital and carbonate rocks

## WENTWORTH SCALE FOR GRAIN SIZE OF DETRITAL ROCKS

Sediment Name	Size Limits (metric)	Approximate English (common) Equivalents
Clay	<1/256 mm	<0.00015 in.
Silt	1/256 - 1/16 mm	0.00015 - 0.002 in.
Very fine sand	1/16 - 1/8 mm	0.002 - 0.005 in.
Fine sand	1/8 - 1/4 mm	0.005 - 0.01 in.
Medium sand	1/4 - 1/2 mm	0.01 - 0.02 in.
Coarse sand	1/2 - 1 mm	0.02 - 0.04 in.
Very coarse sand	1 - 2 mm	0.04 - 0.08 in.
Granule gravel	2 - 4 mm	0.08 - 0.15 in.
Fine pebble gravel	4 - 8 mm	0.15 - 0.3 in.
Medium pebble gravel	8 - 16 mm	0.3 - 0.6 in.
Coarse pebble gravel	16 - 32 mm	0.6 - 1.2 in.
Very coarse pebble gravel	32 - 64 mm	1.2 - 2.5 in.
Cobble gravel	64 - 256 mm	2.5 - 10 in.
Boulder gravel	>256 mm	>10 in.

■ or □ denotes range in grain size in interval on log, with maximum at heavy bar

TABLE 8. — Grain-size scales for detrital and carbonate rocks — Continued

GRAIN-SIZE SCALE FOR CARBONATE ROCKS

(From Folk, 1968, p. 162)

Quantitative ranges modified from Wentworth size scale  
Terms for transported constituents modified from Grabau

	Transported Constituents	Authigenic Constituents	
64 mm	Very Coarse calcirudite		
16 mm	Coarse calcirudite	(7) Extremely coarsely crystalline	
4 mm	Medium calcirudite		4 mm
1 mm	Fine calcirudite	(6) Very coarsely crystalline	1 mm
0.5 mm	Coarse calcarenite		
0.25 mm	Medium calcarenite	(5) Coarsely crystalline	0.25 mm
0.125 mm	Fine Calcarenite		
0.062 mm	Very fine calcarenite	(4) Medium crystalline	0.062 mm
0.031 mm	Coarse Calcilitute		
0.016 mm	Medium calcilitute	(3) Finely crystalline	0.016 mm
0.008 mm	Fine Calcilitute		
0.004 mm	Very fine calcilitute	(2) Very finely crystalline	0.004 mm
0.002 mm		(1) Aphanocrystalline	0.002 mm
0.001 mm			0.001 mm

TABLE 9. — Abbreviations and symbols for bedding and sedimentary structures used in descriptions of drill cores. (Compiled for this study by scientists of the U.S. Geological Survey)

THICKNESS OF BEDDING

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Thickness and splitting description</u>	<u>Scale</u>	
		cm	in.
vtk	very thickly bedded; massive	>100	>40
tk	thickly bedded; blocky	30 - 100	12 - 40
av	average bedded; slabby	10 - 30	4 - 12
tn	thinly bedded; flaggy	3 - 10	1.2 - 4
vtn	very thinly bedded	1 - 3	0.4 - 1.2
l	laminated; platy, shaly	0.3- 1	0.12 - 0.4
tnl	thinly laminated; papery, fissile	<0.3	<0.12
h	homogeneous; massive		

CROSSBEDDING

10° General crossbedding; 10° angle of inclination, south

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Thickness of bed sets</u>
s	small scale	< 5 cm
m	medium scale	5cm - 2 m
l	large scale	2 m - 8 m
vl	very large scale	> 8 m
t	tabular	
wp	wedge planar	

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of bedding</u>
ad		antidune
tr		trough (festoon)
cu		convex upward
hb		herringbone
cc		centroclinal

TABLE 9. — Abbreviations and symbols for bedding and sedimentary structures used on descriptions of drill cores. — Continued

**GRADED BEDDING**

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of grading</u>
ngrd	↑	normal (becoming finer upward)
rgrd	↓	reverse (coarsening upward)
cgrd	⋮	cyclic (within a bed)

**LAMINATIONS**

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of lamination</u>
mxlam		microcross-lamination
e	==	even parallel
w	≈	wavy parallel
dell	—	discontinuous even parallel
dwll	~~	discontinuous wavy parallel
c	≡	curved parallel
dc	—	discontinuous curved parallel
en	↖	even nonparallel
den	↖	discontinuous even nonparallel
wn	~~~~	wavy nonparallel
dwn	~~~~	discontinuous wavy nonparallel
conv	scr	convolute

**CLAST ORIENTATION**

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of orientation</u>
imbr	oooo	imbricated
htzl		horizontal
vert	○○○	vertical
obj	○○	oblique

**RIPPLES**

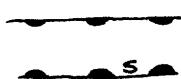
<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of ripple</u>
gen	~~~~	general
asym	~w~	asymmetric
sym	~~~	symmetric

TABLE 9. — Abbreviations and symbols for bedding and sedimentary structures used on descriptions of drill cores. — Continued

RIPPLES (Contd)

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of ripple</u>
clbg		climbing
fsr		flaser
tncd		truncated

BEDDING PLANE MARKINGS



sole marking  
surface markings

<u>Abbreviations</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of marking</u>
bsh		brush
b	vvv or	burrow (see trace fossils)
cst		cast
bp		bubble pit
grv		groove
gp		gas pit
h		hail
mld		mold
mc		mud cracks
rp		rain print
stri		striae
slt		salt casts
wvs		wave and swash
om		other

TABLE 9. — Abbreviations and symbols for bedding and sedimentary structures used on descriptions of drill cores. — Continued

DEFORMED BEDDING

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type of deformed bedding</u>
	small scale fault
/	fracture
ʃ	slickenside
~~	slump
ꝝ	load cast
~	flute cast
w	burrow (mottled or churned sediment)
—	flame or wisp
~~~	dish
~~~~	contorted
BP	ball and pillow
pn	pseudonodules
↗	dikes and wedges
I	ice
sh	shale
ss	sandstone
∞	boudinage
▽	cone-in-cone
▲	shatter cone
DC	pull apart
△△	brecciation

TABLE 9. — Abbreviations and symbols for bedding and sedimentary structures used on descriptions of drill cores — Continued

MISCELLANEOUS STRUCTURES

Symbol	Type of structure
o	concretion
—	scour and fill
w	stylolite
—	geopetal fill
•	nODULES
	veinlets
g	solution features
④	geode
▽	faceted grain
sh	clasts
	c carbonate
	sh shale
	ss sandstone
	ru rip-up
	i igneous
	mt metamorphic
	o other
ac	balls
	ac armored clay
	md mud
	sw sandstone whirl
w	pattern cone
o	oolite
-o-	pisolite
x	oncolite

TABLE 10. — Symbols and abbreviations for biologic constituents observed in drill cores. (Compiled for this study by scientists of the U.S. Geological Survey)

	Algae, framework (green and red)
	Algae, nonframework (blue-green)
	Belemnite
	Bone and teeth
	Brachiopod
	Bryozoa
	Cephalopod (ammonite, nautiloid)
	Charophyte
	Conodont
	Coral
	Crinoid or Blastoid
	Decapod Crustacean
	Echinoid, stellroid, or asteroid
	Foraminifera
	Gastropod
	Insect
	Ostracode
	Pelecypod
	Plant remains
	Scaphopod
	Sponge spicules
	Spores and pollen
	Stromatoporoid
::	Tracks, type unspecified
	Trails, type unspecified
	Trilobite
	Worm tube, calcareous

TABLE 10. — Symbols and abbreviations for biologic constituents observed in drill cores.— Continued

SYMBOLS FOR SELECTED TRACE FOSSILS

	Ophiomorpha
	Thalassinoides
U	Arenicolites
	Diplocraterion and Rhizocorallium
	Chondrites
	Asterosoma, form rod-shaped burrows
	Siphonites
	Teichichnus
	Arthropycus
	Asterosoma, form helicoid funnel
	Nondescript horizontal tracks, trails, and burrows
	Nondescript vertical burrows
	Zoophycus

TABLE 10. -- Symbols and abbreviations for biologic constituents observed in drill cores. -- Continued

(Terminology from Scott, 1970)

PRESERVATION

OR Original material  
RE Replaced or recrystallized material

DISPERSION

U Uniform  
R Random  
C Clumped

DENSITY

FD Few -- less than 10 percent fossils per unit area  
SD Some -- 10-50 percent fossils per unit area  
MD Many -- more than 50 percent fossils per unit area

ORIENTATION

Long axis of fossil or commissural plane of fossil

Pl	Parallel to bedding	CU	Convex up
Pd	Perpendicular to bedding	CD	Convex down
Ob	Oblique to bedding		

DISSOCIATION OF HARD PARTS

A% Percent articulated  
D% Percent disarticulated  
L% Percent left valve  
R% Percent right valve

FRAGMENTATION OF REMAINS

MF Many -- greater than 30 percent broken fragments  
SF Some -- less than 30 percent broken fragments

SIZE SORTING OF ABUNDANT SPECIES

WS Well sorted -- equal-sized specimens of each species  
MS Moderately sorted -- some specimens of different sizes  
PS Poorly sorted -- wide range in size of specimens

FAUNAL COMPOSITION

HM Homogeneous -- species preserved together preferring same habitat  
HT Heterogeneous -- species preserved together and suggestive of different habitat

MODE OF ORIGIN

IP In-place assemblage  
DN Disturbed-neighborhood assemblage  
T Transported assemblage  
Mixed (prefix above categories with "M" if faunal composition is heterogeneous)

TABLE 10. — Symbols and abbreviations for biologic constituents observed in drill cores — Continued

ABBREVIATIONS FOR PRESERVATION AND ORIENTATION OF FOSSILS

(From Fox, 1971, p. 155)

ABBREVIATIONS

A	articulated valves
BR	branching
C	contact between fossil and matrix
CA	calcite
CL	closed valves
D	disarticulated valves
FR	fragmented
I	inner surface of shell
L	lift valve
M	external mold
O	outer surface of shell
OP	open valves
OR	original material
R	right valve
RE	replaced or recrystallized shell material
S	sediment fill
ST	stacked shells

ni	no information
rand	random
clump	clumped

EXAMPLE OF USE

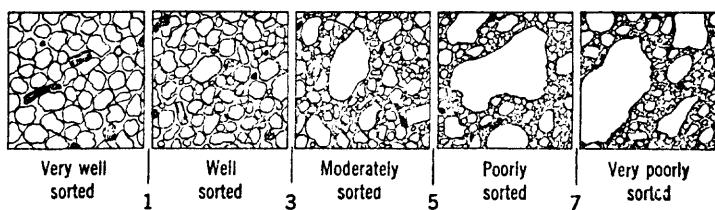
Faunal element	Preservation
<u>Corbula</u> sp.	CL-A; OR; I-C-S

Interpretation: Corbula sp. shells are closed, articulated, and composed of original shell material; the inner surface of the shell is in contact with a matrix of sediment.

TABLE 11. — Charts for estimating degrees of sorting as seen in two dimensions and degrees of roundness of detrital grains  
 (From Compton, 1962, p. 214-215)

#### DEGREES OF SORTING AS SEEN IN TWO DIMENSIONS

**Abbreviations on core descriptions**    vw    w    m    p    vp



Terms for degrees of sorting. The numbers indicate the number of size-classes included by the great bulk (80 percent) of the material. The drawings represent sandstones as seen with a hand lens. Silt and clay-size materials are shown diagrammatically by the fine stipple.

#### DEGREES OF ROUNDNESS OF DETRITAL GRAINS

##### Abbreviations

on core    v ang    ang    sbang    sbrd    rd    w rd  
**Descriptions**

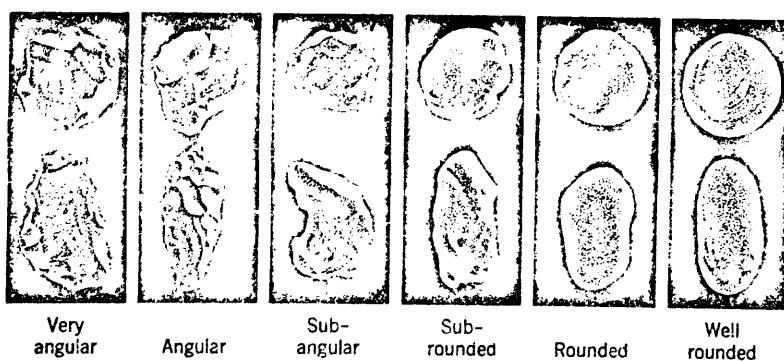


TABLE 12. — Chart for visual estimation of percentage composition (Prepared by R. D. Terry and G. V. Chillingar, 1955, Jour. Sed. Petrology, v. 25, no. 3, p. 229-234, and reproduced here from Compton, 1962. p. 332-333.)

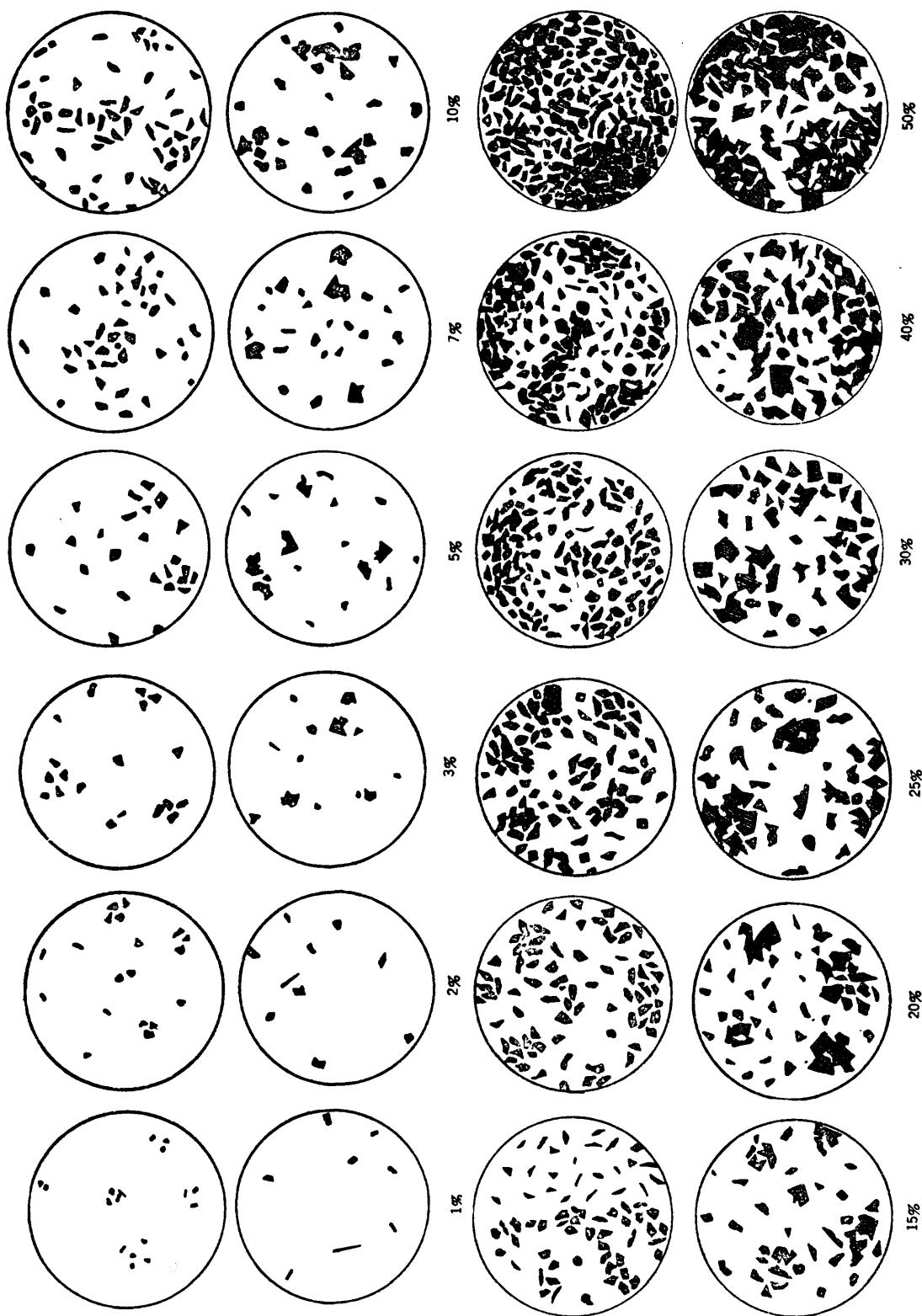
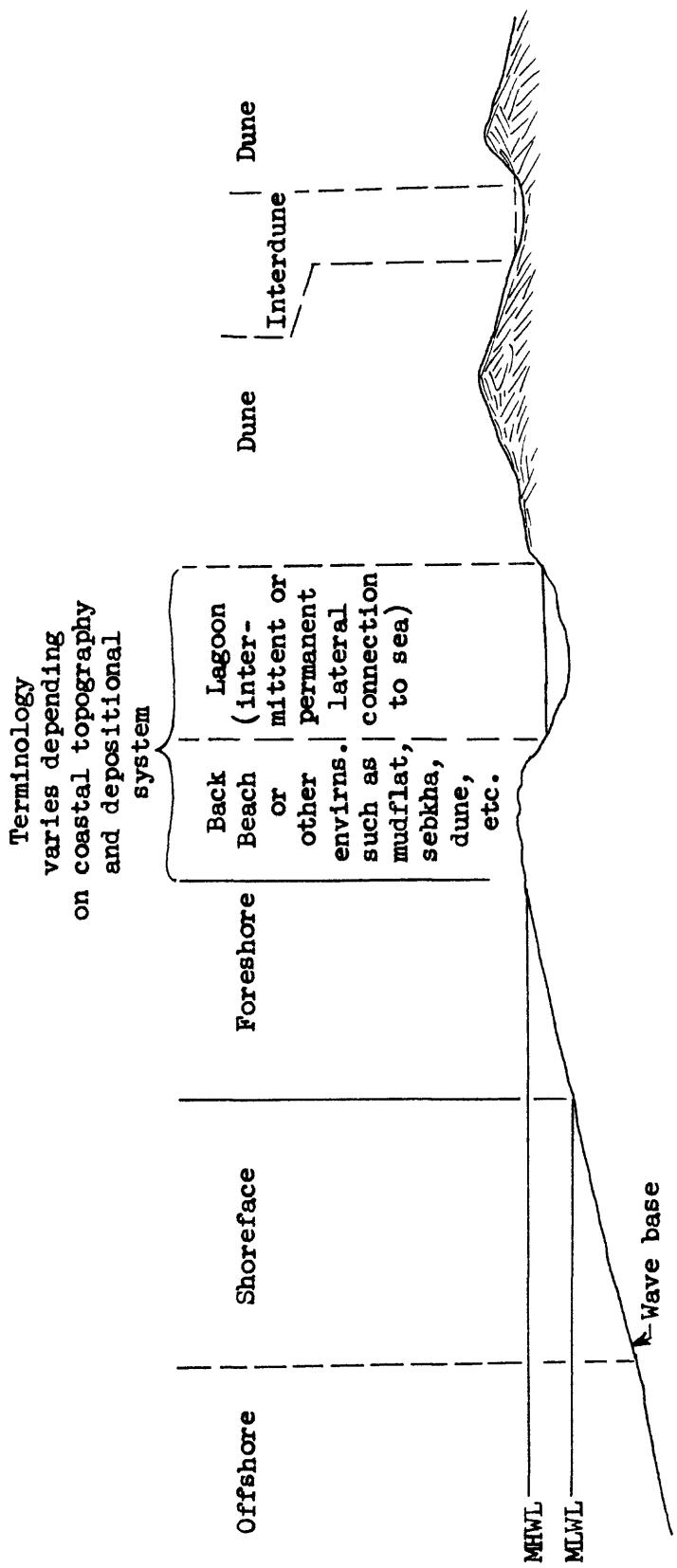


TABLE 13. — Nomenclature used for inferred environments of deposition of terrigenous clastic sedimentary rocks described from drill cores in this report



LOCATION	NE. NE. SE.	Sec.	10	T.	26. N.	R.	20. W.
STATE	WYOMING	ft. N. / S. line	330	ft.	W. / E. line		
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER	A-250	COUNTY	SWEETWATER				
COMPANY NAME	SINCLAIR OIL AND GAS COMPANY						
LEASE NAME	114A UNIT						
AREA / FIELD	LOST SOLDIER						
ELEVATION	K.B. 686.9	ft.	2095	m			
	G.L. 686.0	ft.	2092	m			
TOTAL DEPTH	5934.4	ft.	1810	m			
FORMATION AT SURFACE					PRODUCING FORMATION(S)		
STEEL SHALE					MADISON LIMESTONE		
OLDEST FORMATION PENETRATED					MISCELLANEOUS		
MADISON LIMESTONE					(MISSISSIPPIAN)		
FORMATION AT TOTAL DEPTH	MADISON LS.				PRODUCING INTERVALS AND PRODUCTION DATA		
COMMENCED	03/01/1956				MADISON	5486-5590 ft	
COMPLETED	09/07/1956				FORMATIONS CORED AND INTERVALS		
CASING (size;depth)	20@18 w/25				TENSLEEP SANDSTONE (part) 4669-5220		
	13 3/8 @ 312 w/100				AMSDEN FORMATION (part) 5220-5293, 5371-5478		
	7 @ 5931 w/400				(Drewitt Sandstone Member 5376-5478)		
MECHANICAL/GEOPHYSICAL LOGS AVAILABLE; DEPTHS RUN					MADISON LIMESTONE 5478-84; 5523-29; 5696-5710		
INDUCTION ELECTRIC LOG					5798-5803		
MICROLOG							
GAMMA RAY- NEUTRON LOG							
REMARKS							
					DESCRIPTION OF SUBBED CORE, 6-25 in segments per 30 cm (1 ft) depth		

STUDIED BY M.W. REYNOLDS 4679-5419  
J.E. FOX 5419-5480 T.S. ANTHONY DATE January, 1975

FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114A well

LOCATION NE NE SE Sec. 10 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-250 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011

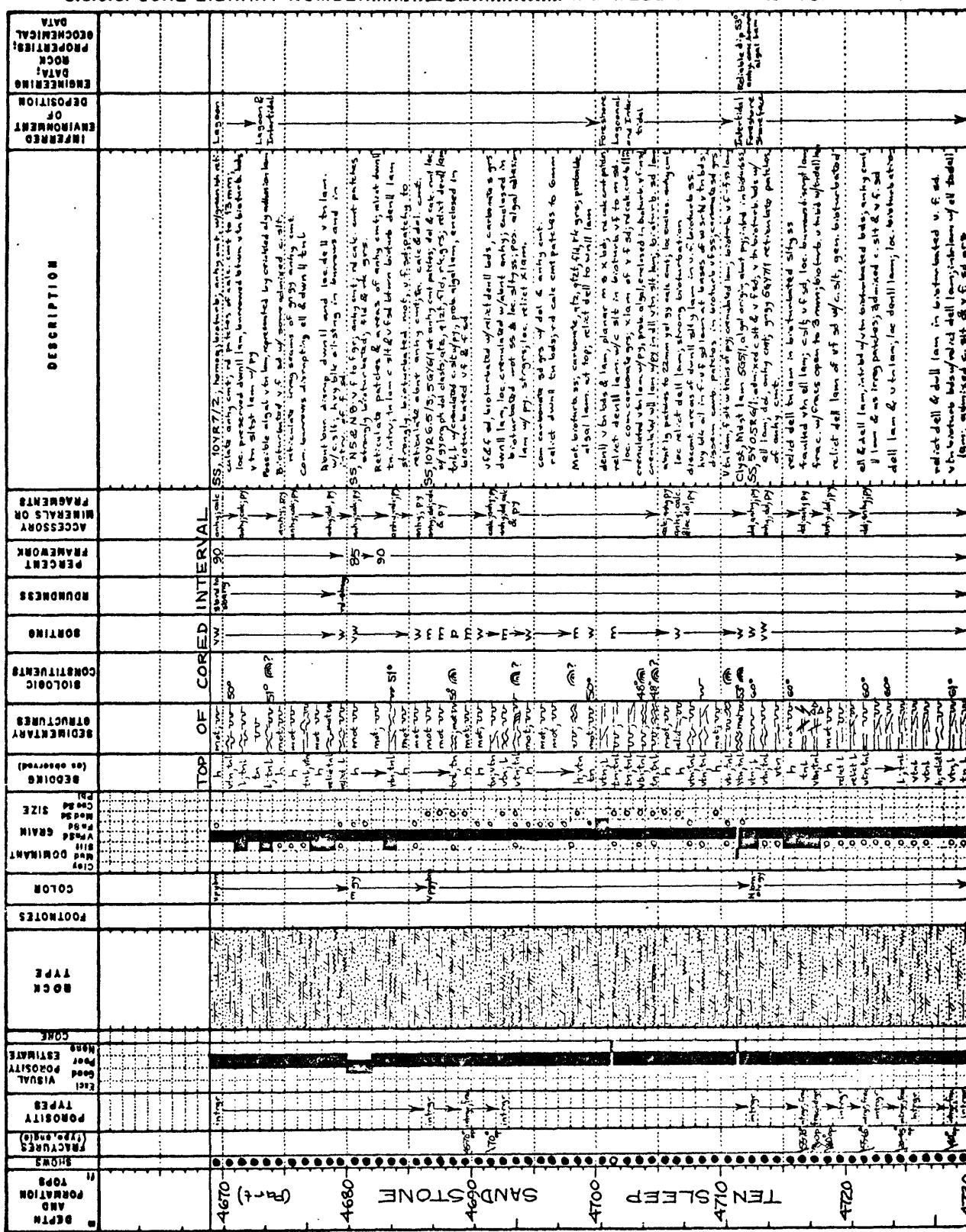


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114 A well — Continued

LOCATION NE.NE.SE. Sec. 10 T. 26.N. R. 20.W.  
 STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-250 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011

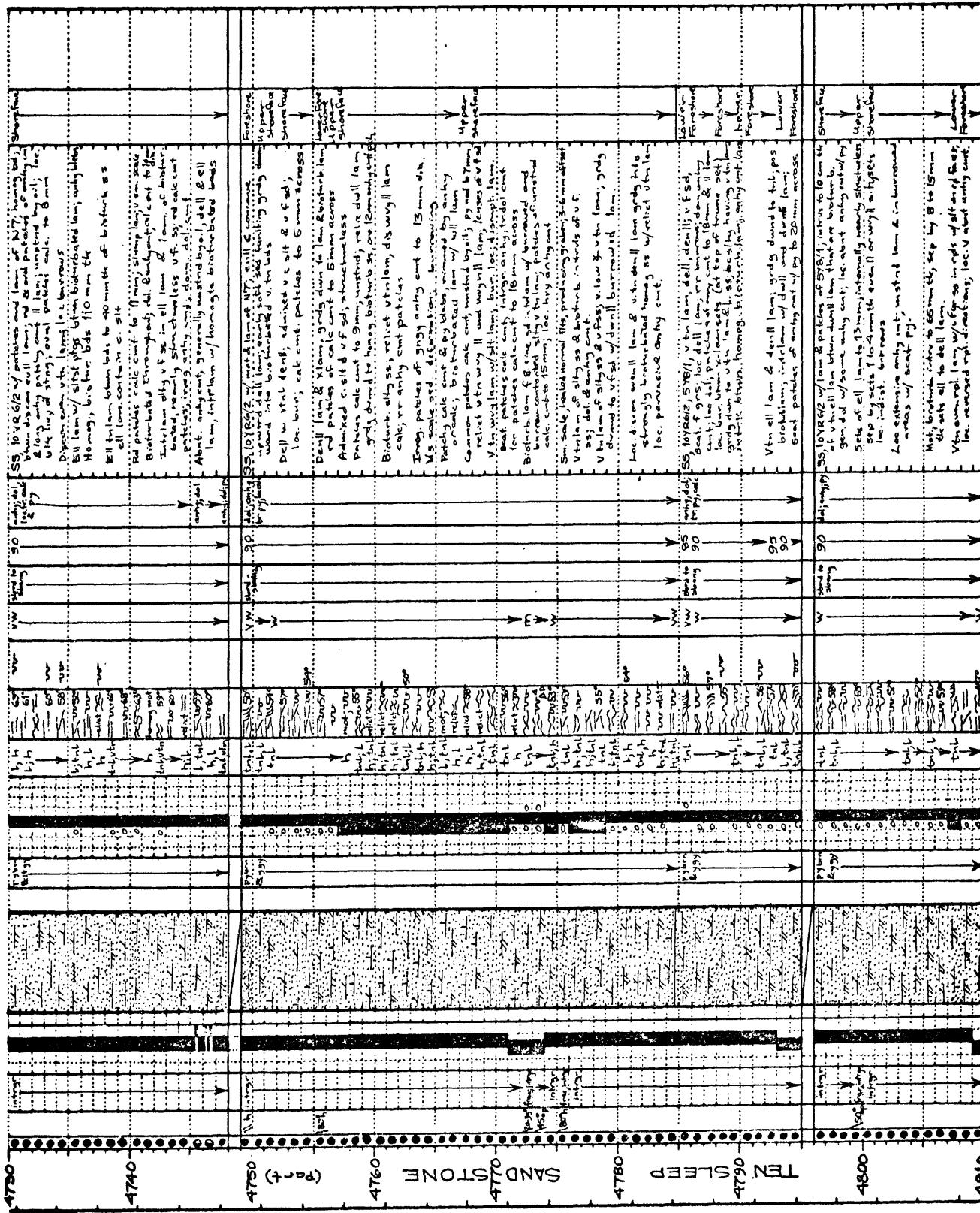


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114A well — Continued

LOCATION.....NE. NE. SE. .... Sec. .... 10. .... T. 26 N. .... R. 90 W. ....  
 STATE.....WYOMING. .... COUNTY.....SWEETWATER. ....  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.... A-250. .... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011.

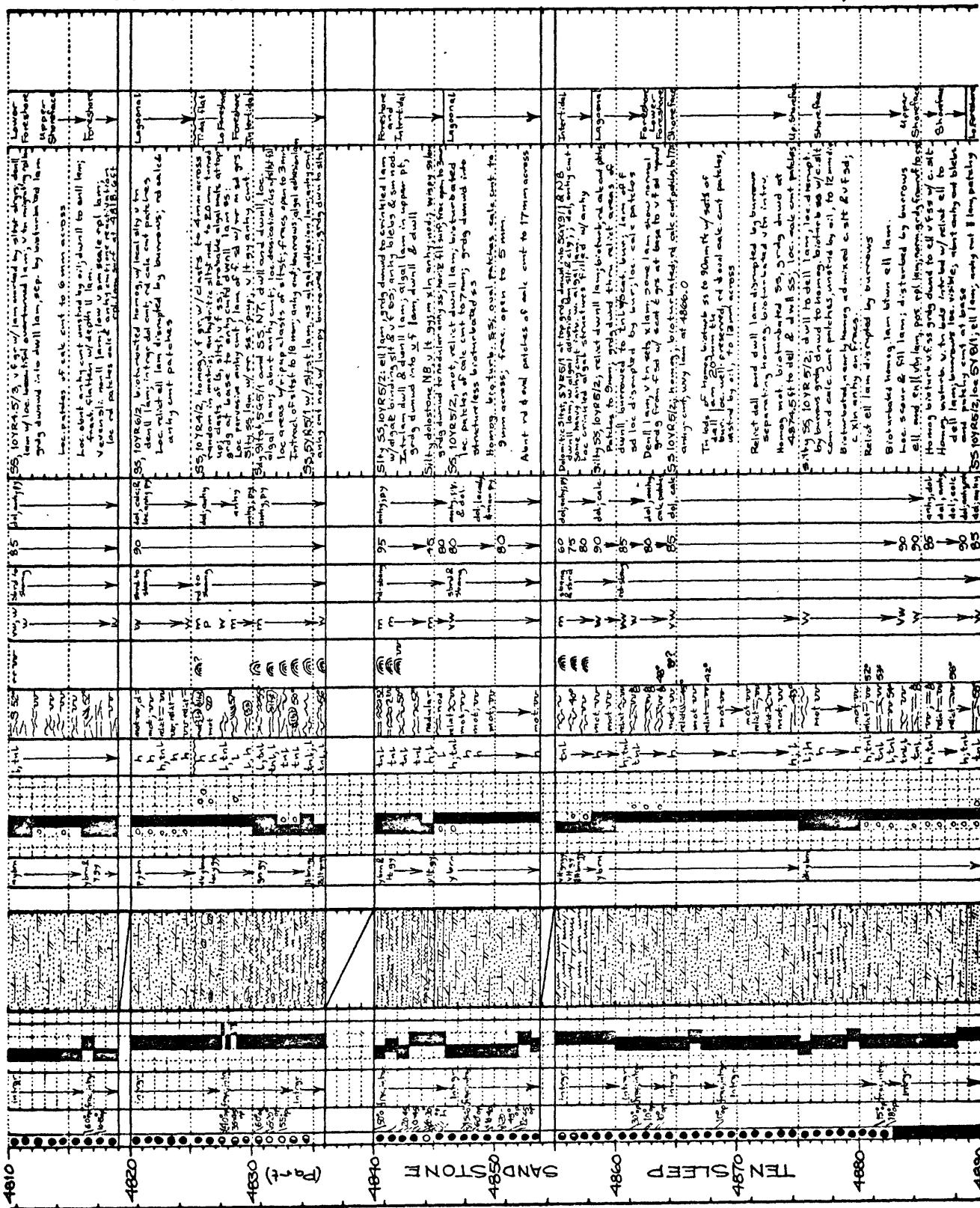
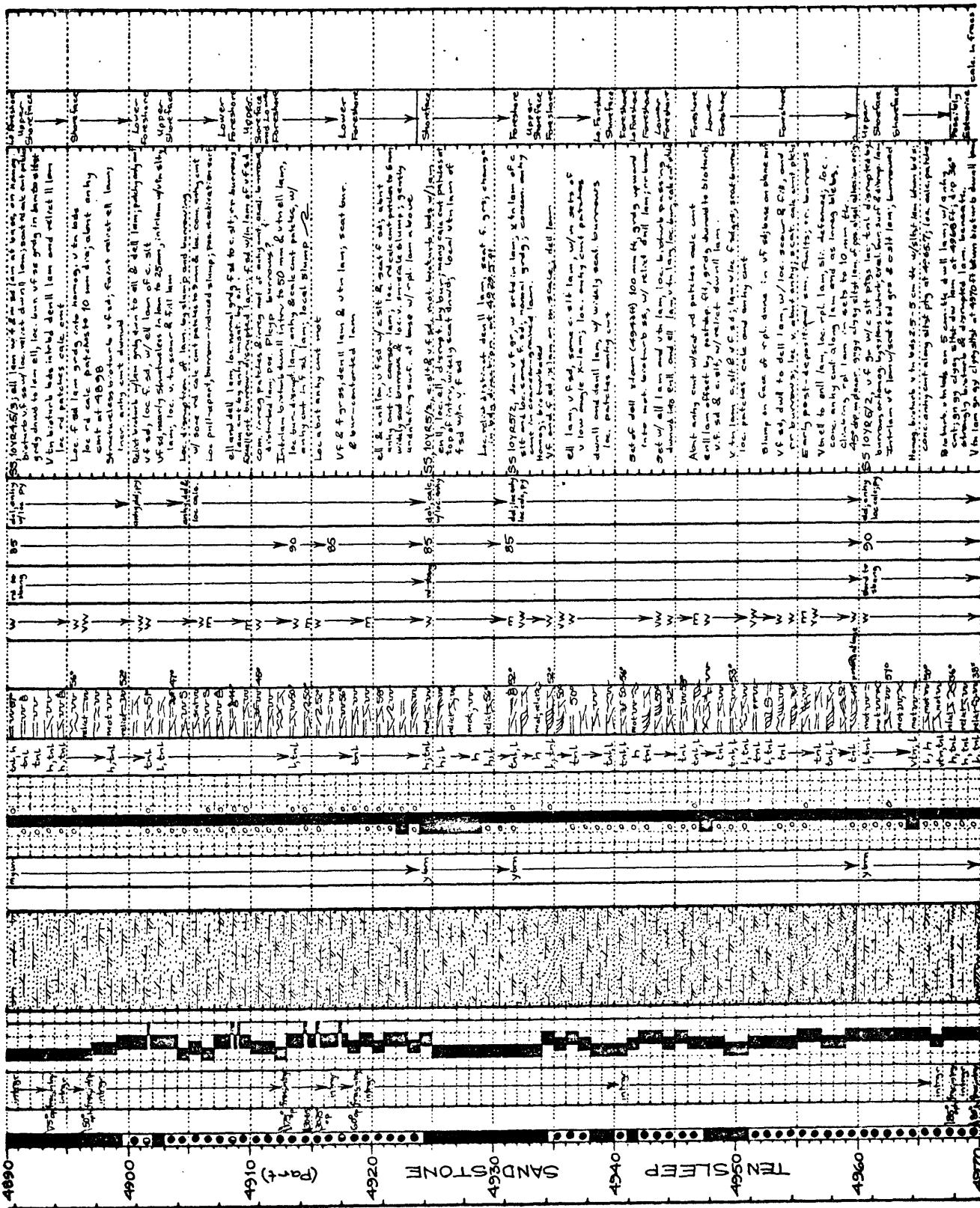


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114 well — Continued

LOCATION NE NE SE Sec 10 T. 26 N. R. 20 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-250 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06211



**Figure 2.**—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 11A well—Continued

LOCATION.....NE. NE. SE. ....Sec. ....10.....T. 26 N.....R. 90 W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER....A-250.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-0601

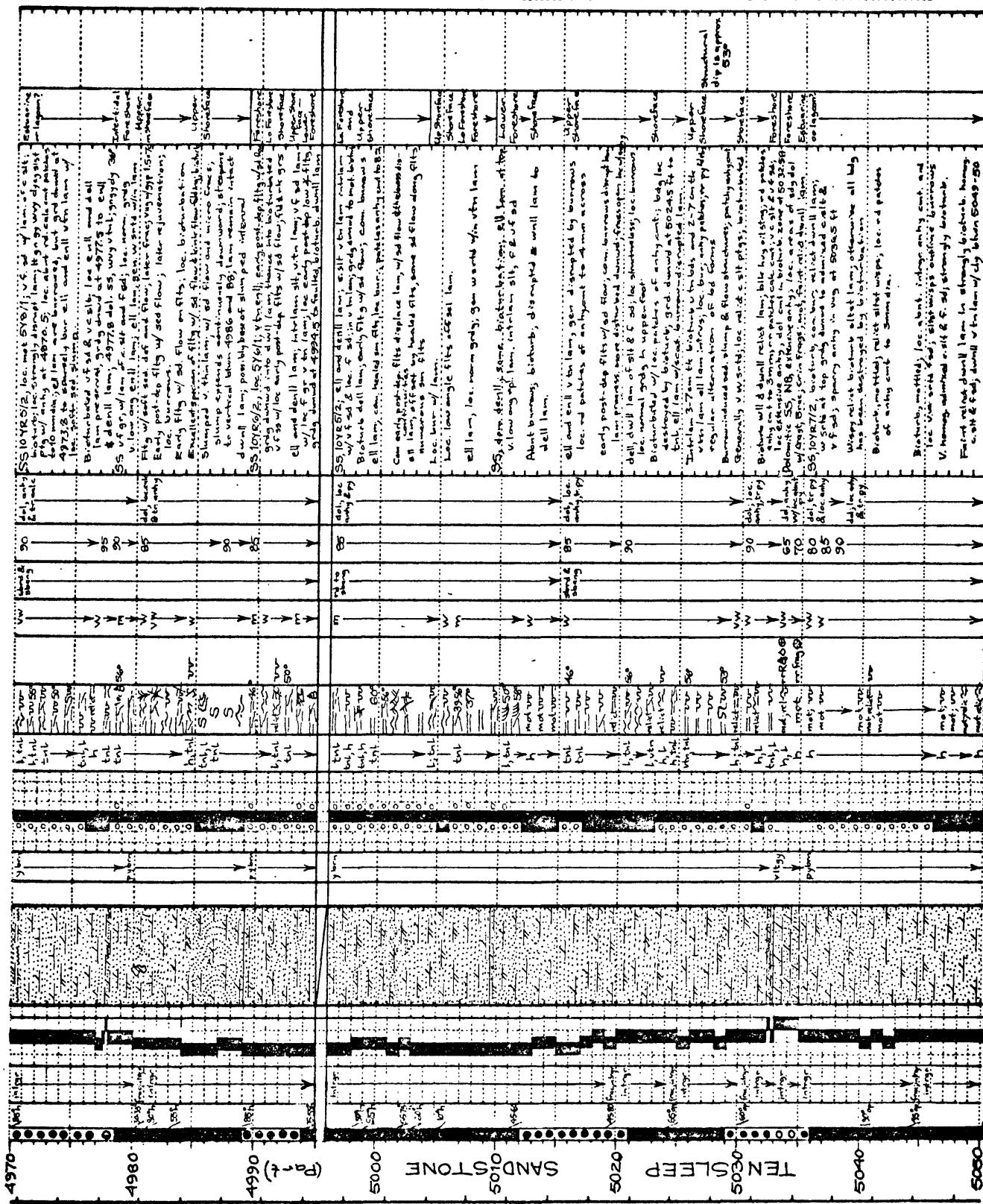


FIGURE 2.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 11A well—Continued

LOCATION.....NE. NE. SE. ....Sec. 10.....T. 26 N. ....R. 20 W.  
 STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-250.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011

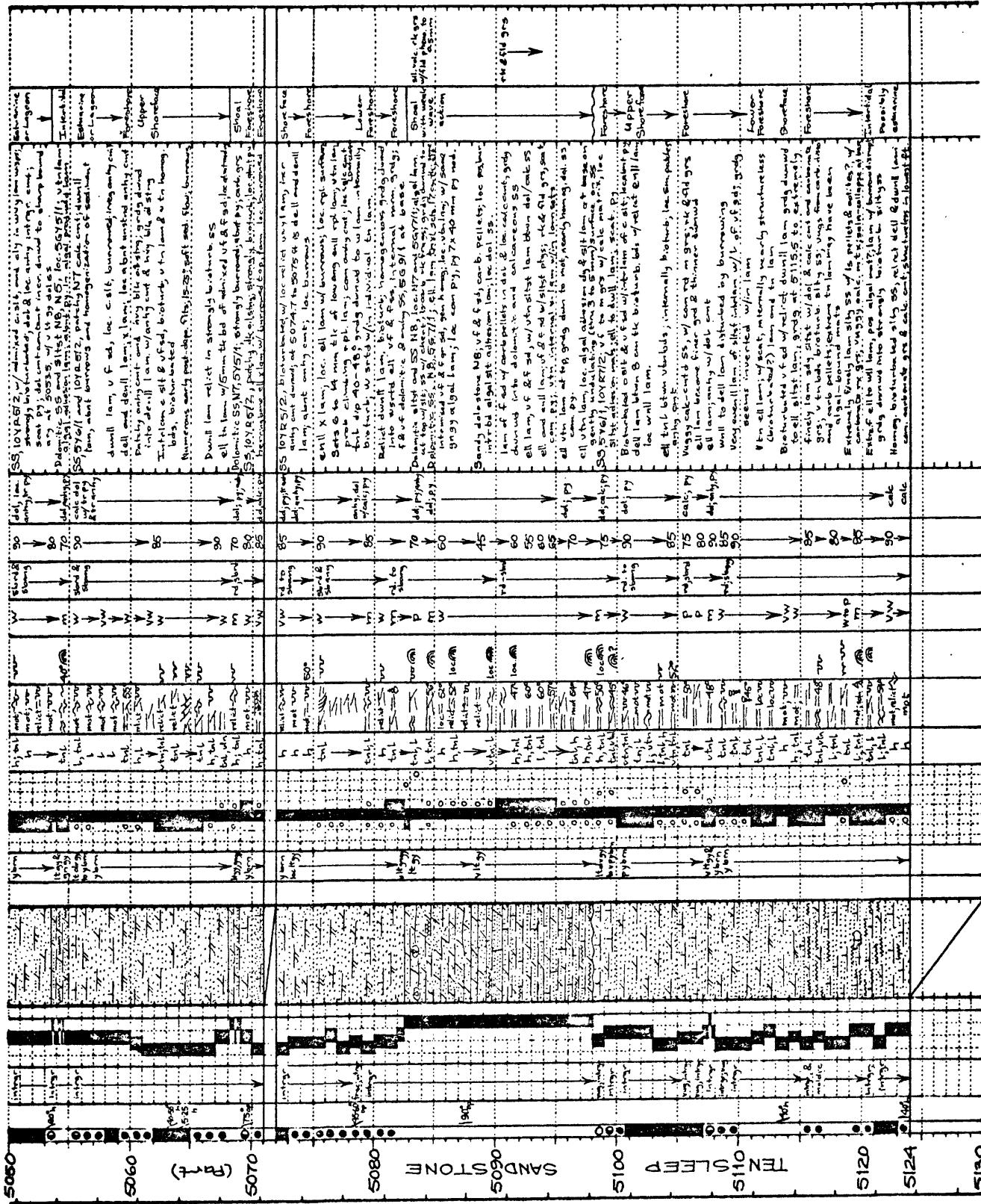


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114A well — Continued

LOCATION NE NE SE Sec. 10 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
 STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-250 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011.

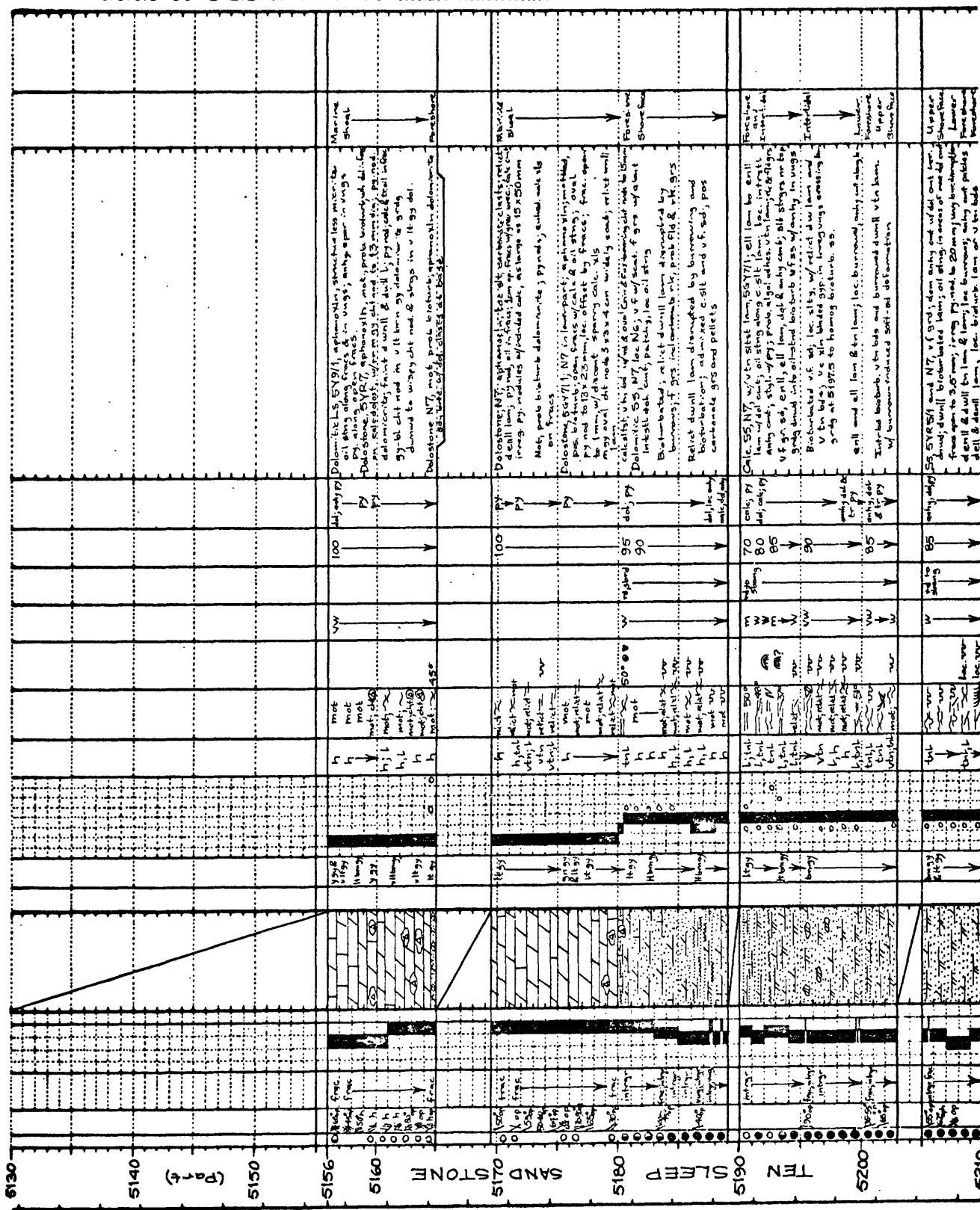


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114 A well — Continued

LOCATION.....NE...NE...SE.....Sec.....10.....T....26.N.....R....20.W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEATWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER...A-250.....API WELL NUMBER#2037-06011

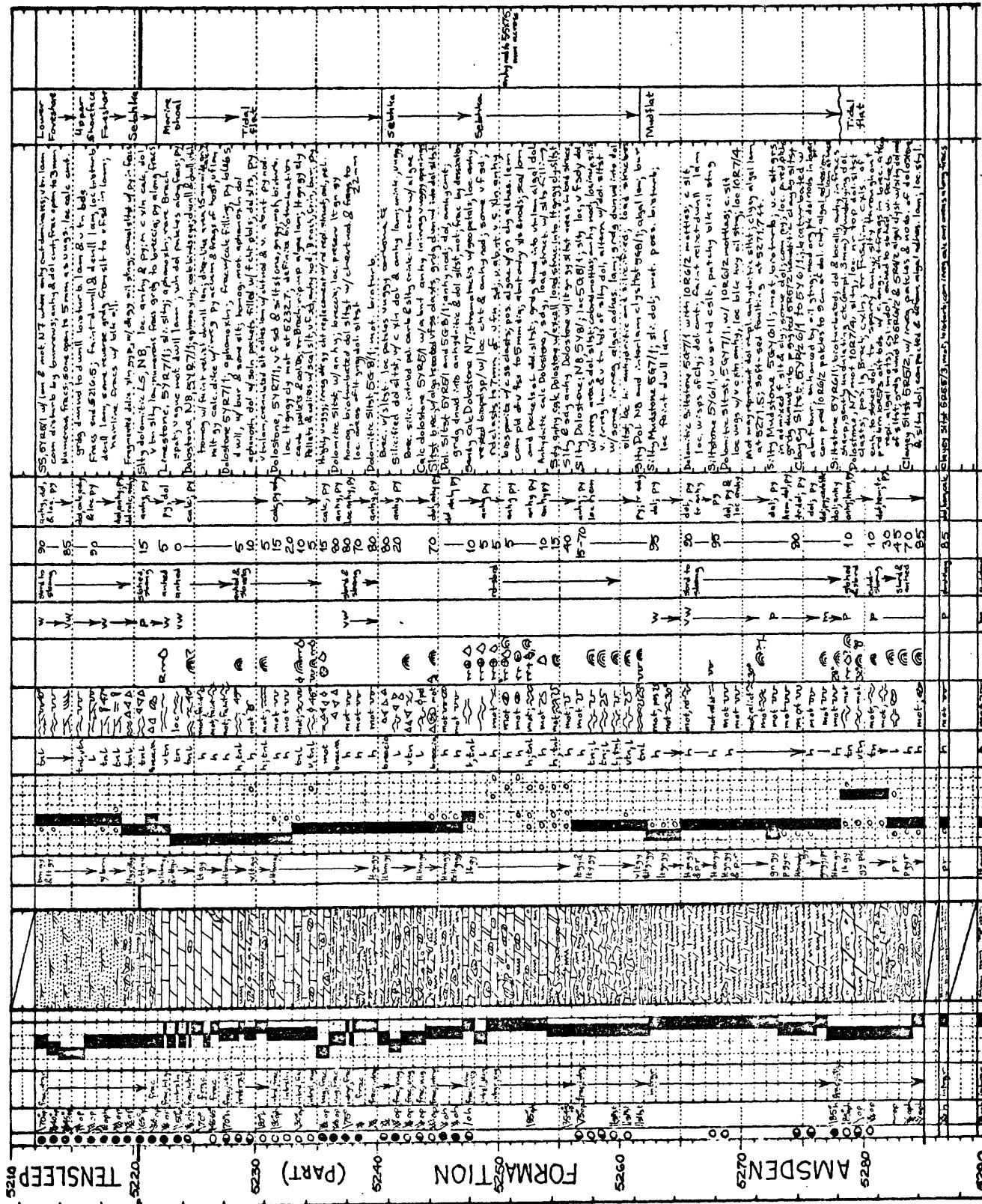


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114 A well — Continued

LOCATION.....NE. NE. SE. ....Sec. ....10.....T. ....26. N.....R. ....20. W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER...A-250.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011

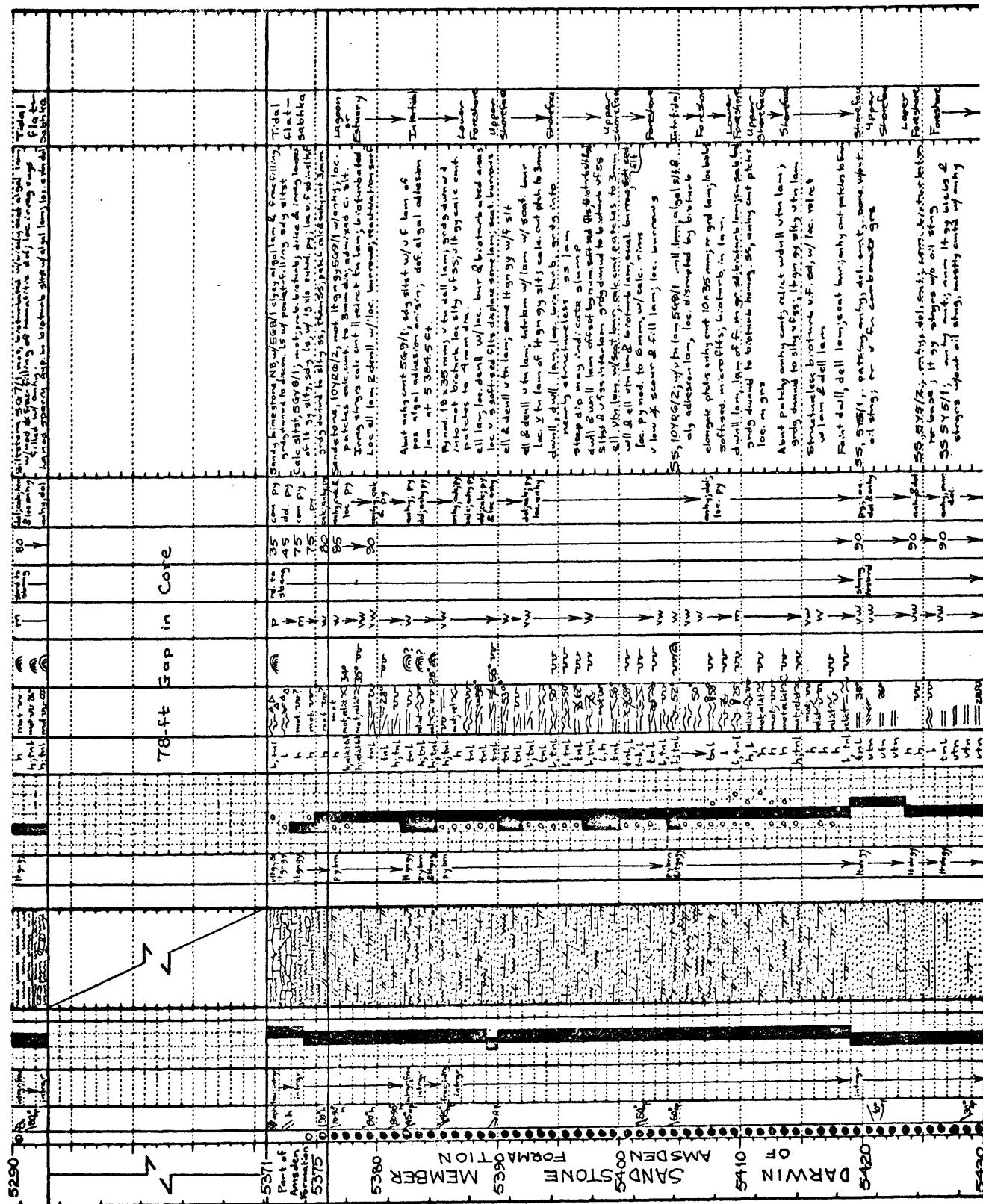


FIGURE 2. - Description of drill core from Sinclair 011 and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114A well - Continued

LOCATION.....NE. NE. SE. .... Sec. .... 10. .... T. .... 26. N. .... R. .... 90. W.  
STATE.....WYOMING. .... COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-250. .... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06011

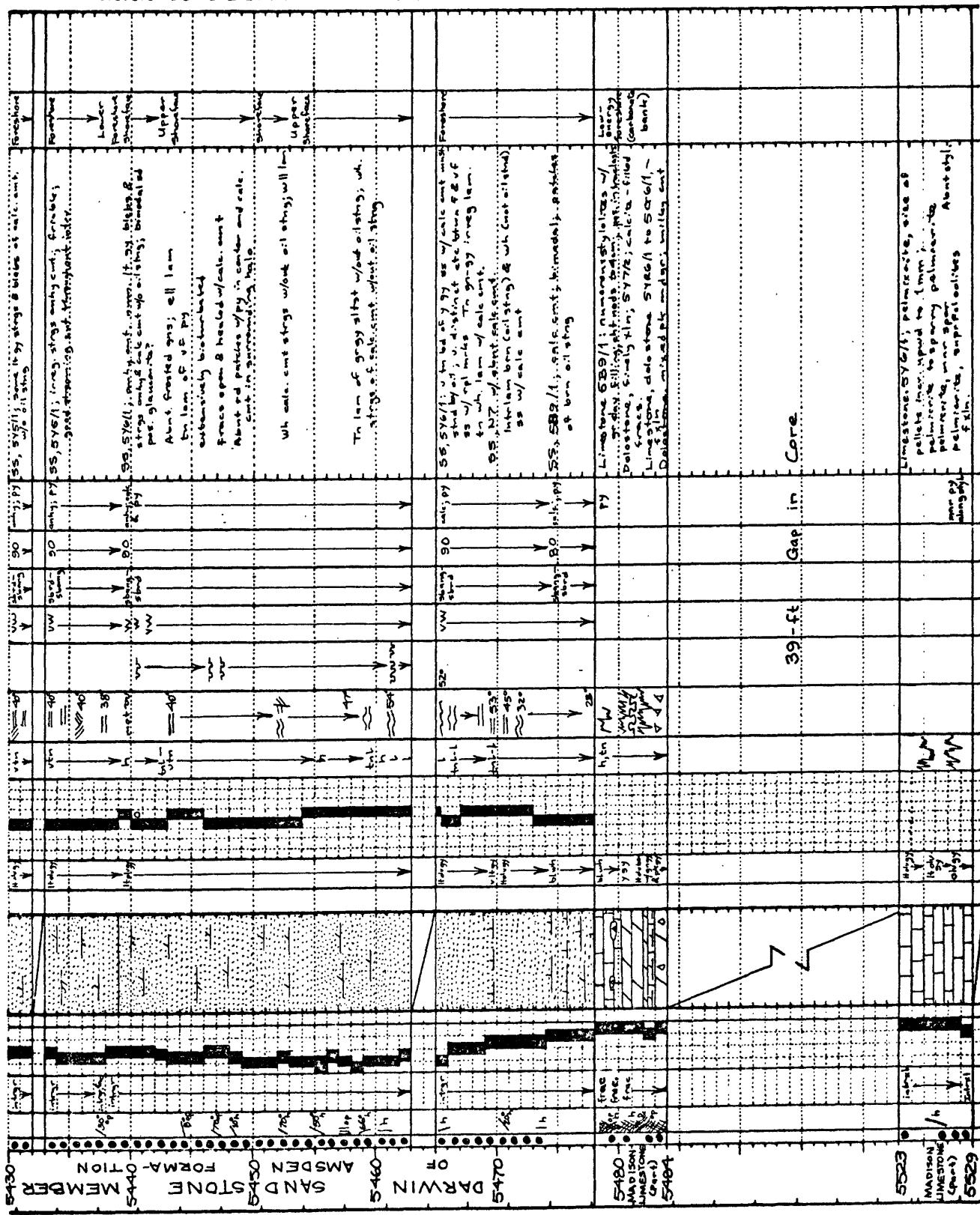


FIGURE 2.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114 A well—Continued

LOCATION NE. NE. SE. Sec. 10 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
 STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A250 API WELL NUMBER 40-037-26911

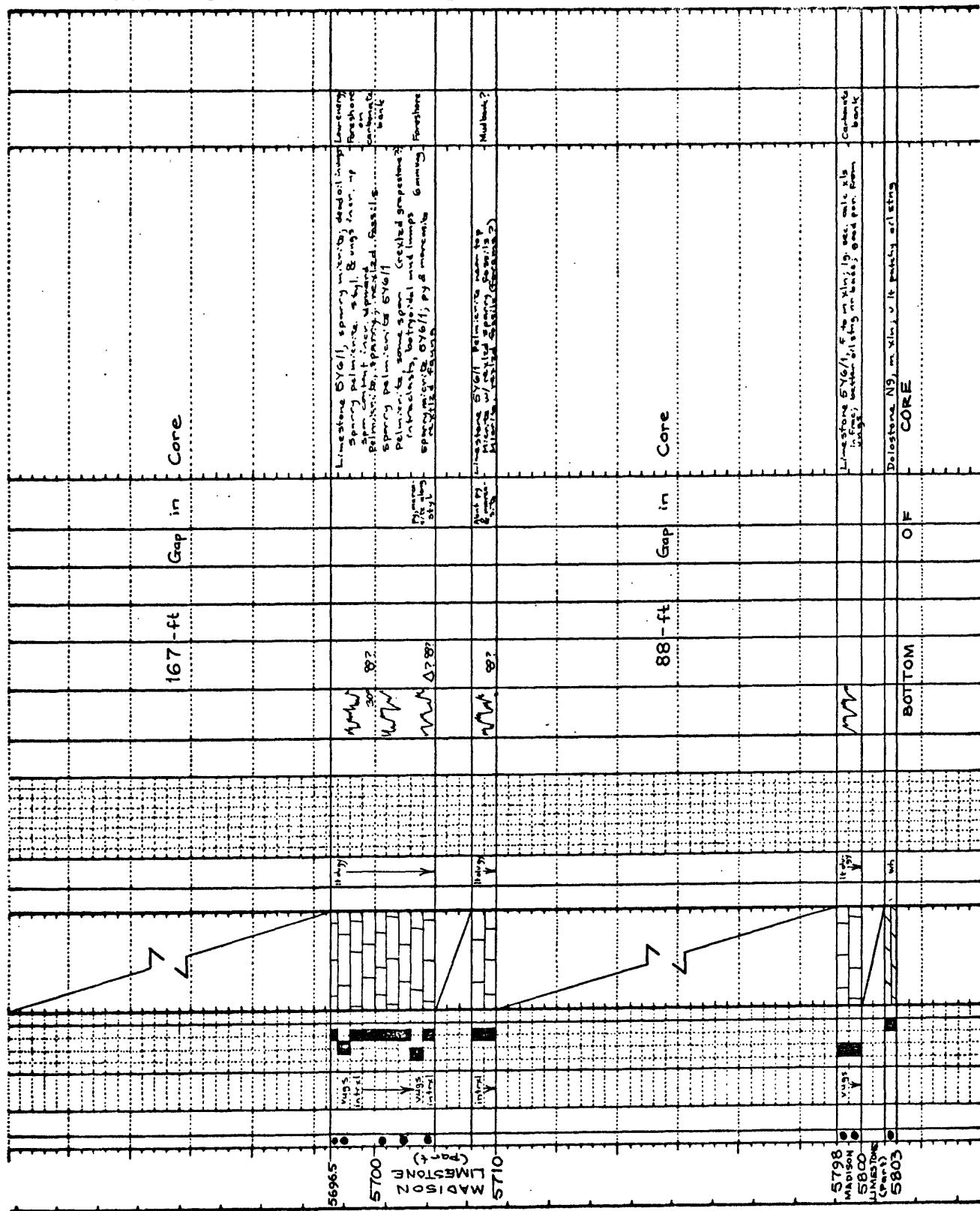


FIGURE 2. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier 114A well — Continued

LOCATION	S.E. SE.S.E.	Sec.	3	T.	26 N.	R.	20 W.
STATE	WYOMING	ft. N / S. line	050	ft. W. / E. line			
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER	A-307	COMPANY NAME	ATLANTIC RICHFIELD COMPANY	API WELL NUMBER	49-037-20308		
LEASE NAME	LOST SOLDIER TRACT 13, C-128	AREA / FIELD	LOST SOLDIER OIL FIELD				
ELEVATION	K8 6223 ft	11	2112 m				
GL	6210 ft	11	2108 m				
TOTAL DEPTH	6106 ft	11	1862 m				
FORMATION AT SURFACE		PRODUCING FORMATION(S)					
OLDEST FORMATION PENETRATED	STEEL SHALE	CAMBRIAN ROCKS					
CAMBRIAN ROCKS							
FORMATION AT TOTAL DEPTH	CAMBRIAN ROCKS	PRODUCING INTERVALS AND PRODUCTION DATA					
COMMENCED	1/17/72	CAMBRIAN: 5618-28; 5638-49; 5678-80; 5753-64; 5790-6800 - IPP 1408 BOPD; 139 MCFD; 80 BW					
COMPLETED	1V/3/72	FORMATIONS CORED AND INTERVALS					
CASING (size; depth)	10 <sup>2</sup> " @ 646 w/ 600 7" @ 6103 w/ 750	GOOSE EGG FORMATION (Part) 4047-4070 TEN SLEEP SANDSTONE 4070-4386					
MECHANICAL/GEOPHYSICAL LOGS AVAILABLE; DEPTHS RUN							
DUAL LATEROLOG	7000- G100						
LATEROLOG -7	3950 - G100						
MICROLATEROLOG (WITH CALIPER)	3976 - G100						
BOREHOLE COMPENSATED SONIC LOG-GAMMA RAY	650-6100						
REMARKS	DESCRIPTION OF CONTINUOUS SLABBED CORE						
STUDIED BY	M.W. REYNOLDS	DATE	February 1975				

FIGURE 3. — Description of drill core from Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Tract 13, C-128 well

LOCATION..... S.E. S.E. .... Sec. .... 3 ..... T. .... 26 N. .... R. .... 90 W. ....  
STATE..... WYOMING ..... COUNTY..... SWEETWATER .....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.... A307 ..... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-20308

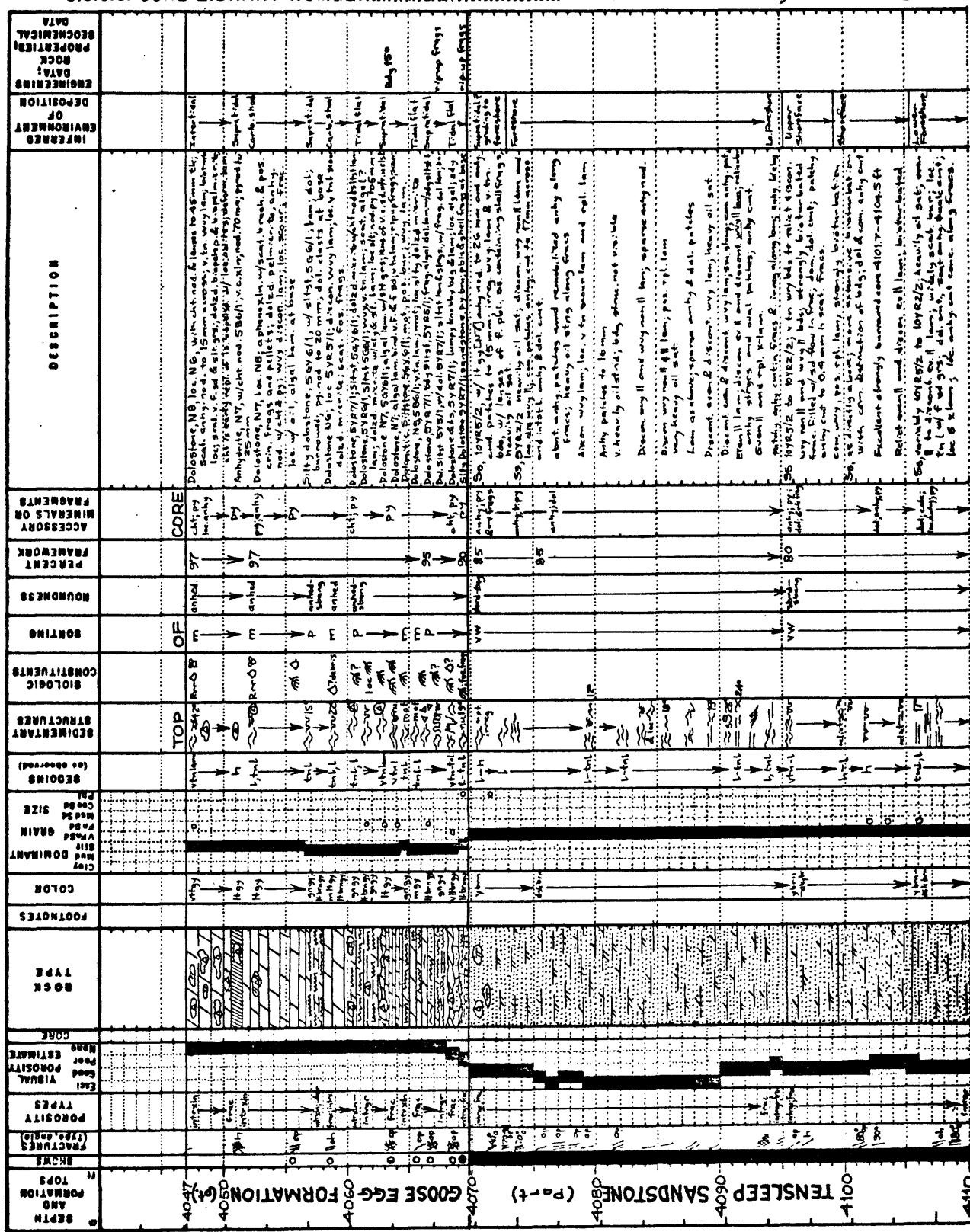


FIGURE 3. — Description of drill core from Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Tract 13, C-128 well  
— confirmed

LOCATION SE. SE. Sec. 3 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A307 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-20308

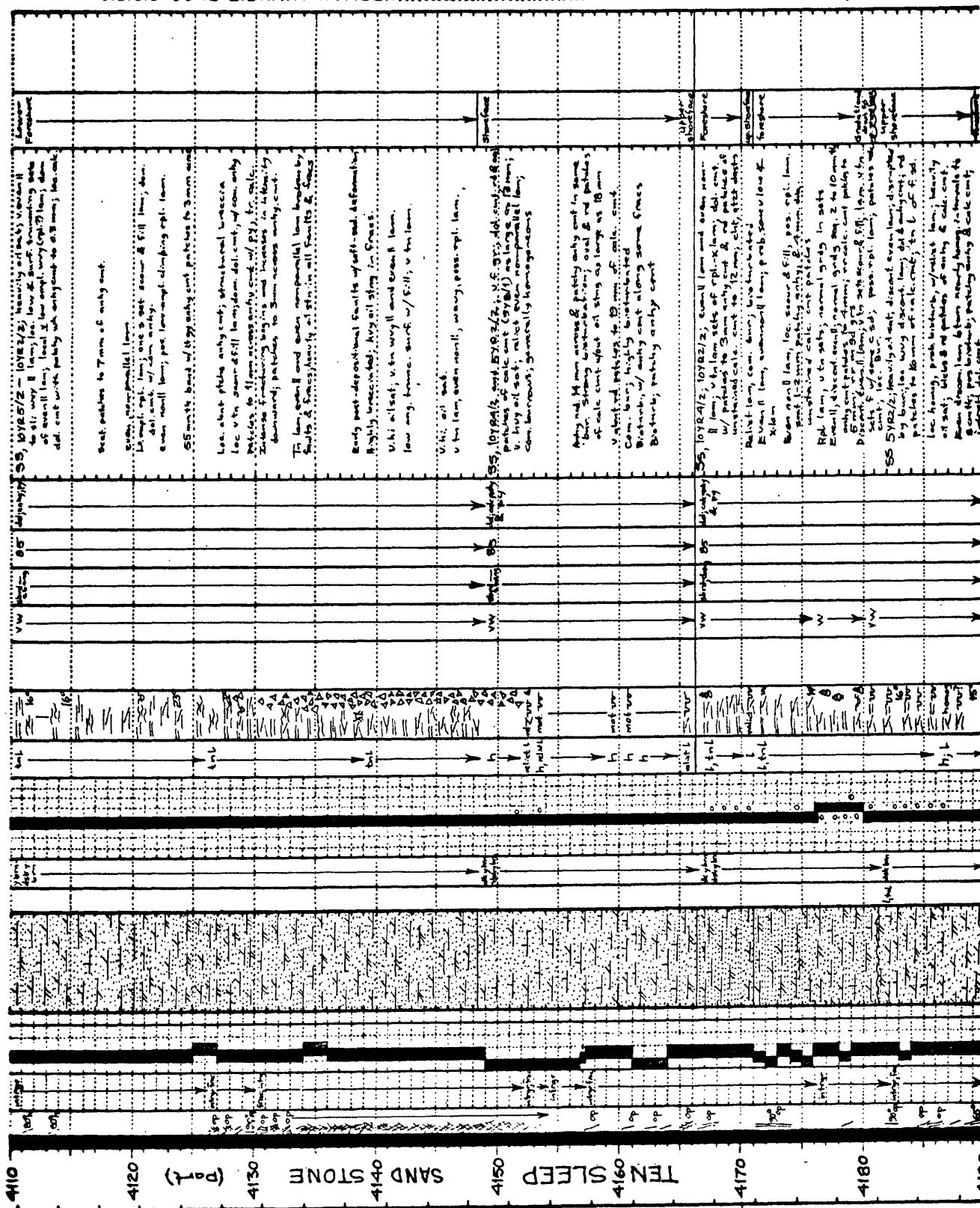


FIGURE 3.—Description of drill core from Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Tract 13, C-128 well

LOCATION.....S.E. SE.....Sec.....3.....T....26.N.....R...90.W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEET.WATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A307.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-203QB

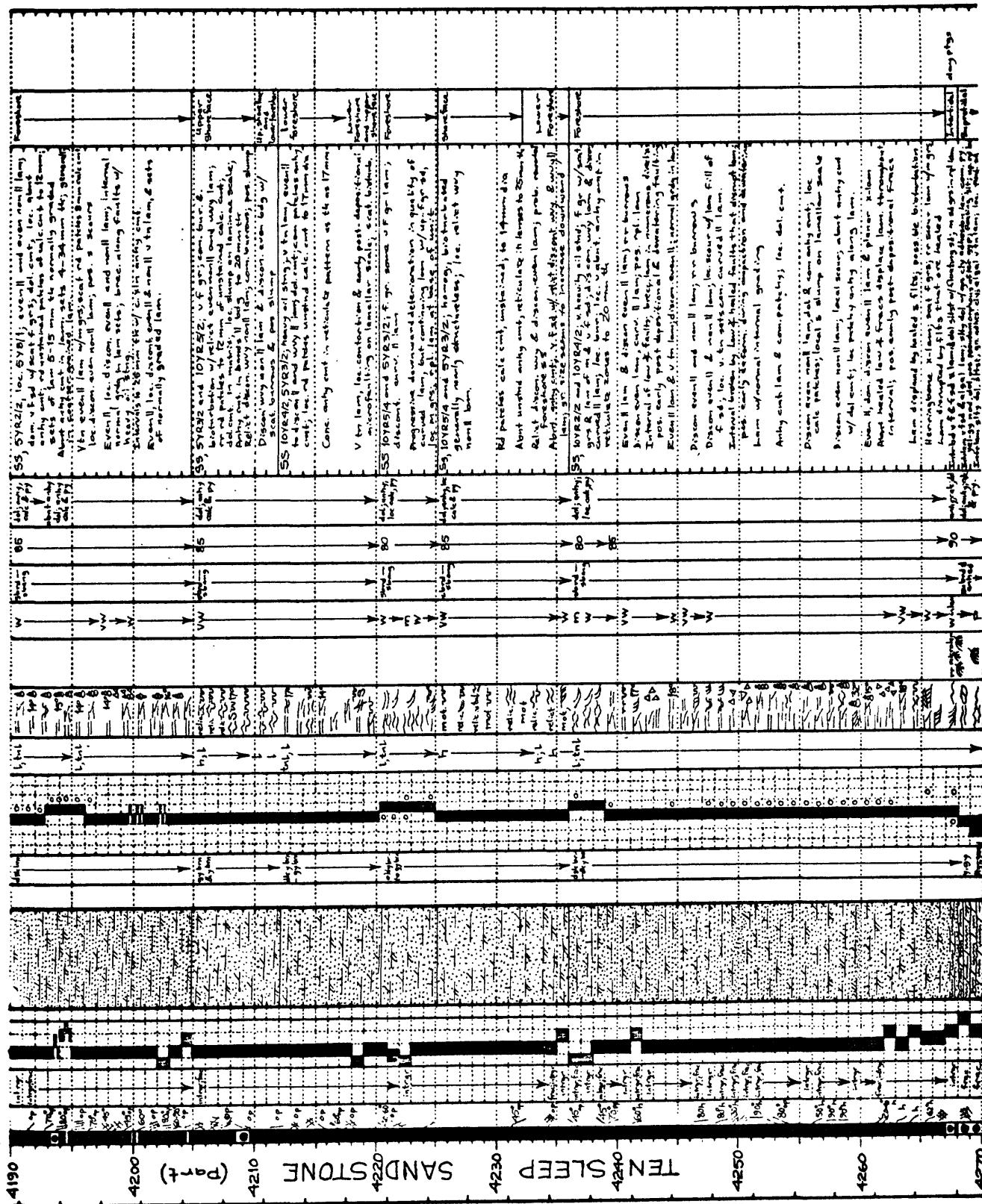


FIGURE 3. — Description of drill core from Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Tract 13, C-128 well

LOCATION.....S.E. S.E. .... Sec. .... 3 ..... T. 26 N. .... R. 90 W. ....  
STATE.....WYOMING..... COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A307..... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-20308

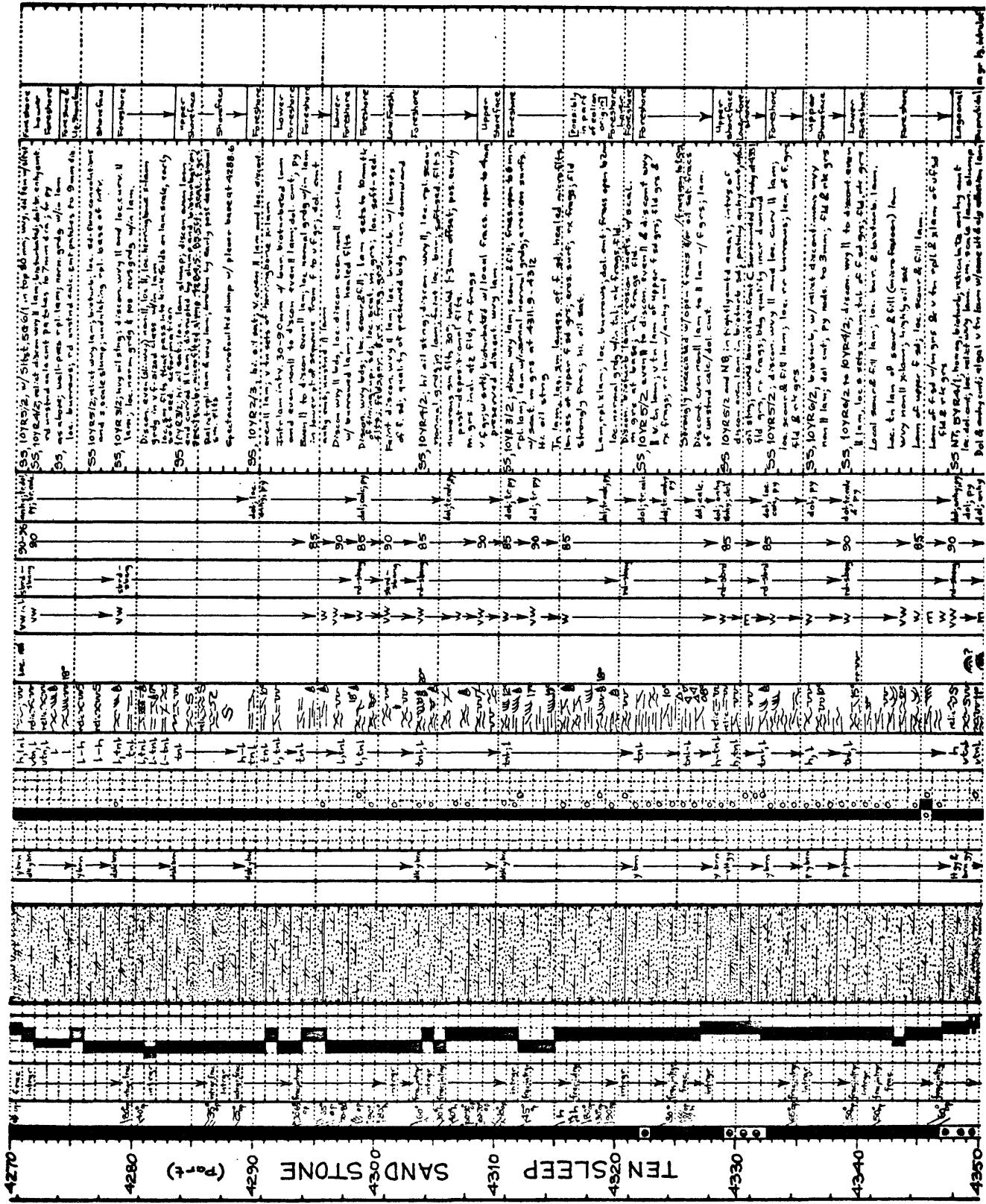


FIGURE 3. — Description of drill core from Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Tract 13, C-128 well

LOCATION.....S.E. S.E.....Sec.....3.....T....26N.....R....20W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A307.....API WELL NUMBER.....49-037-20308

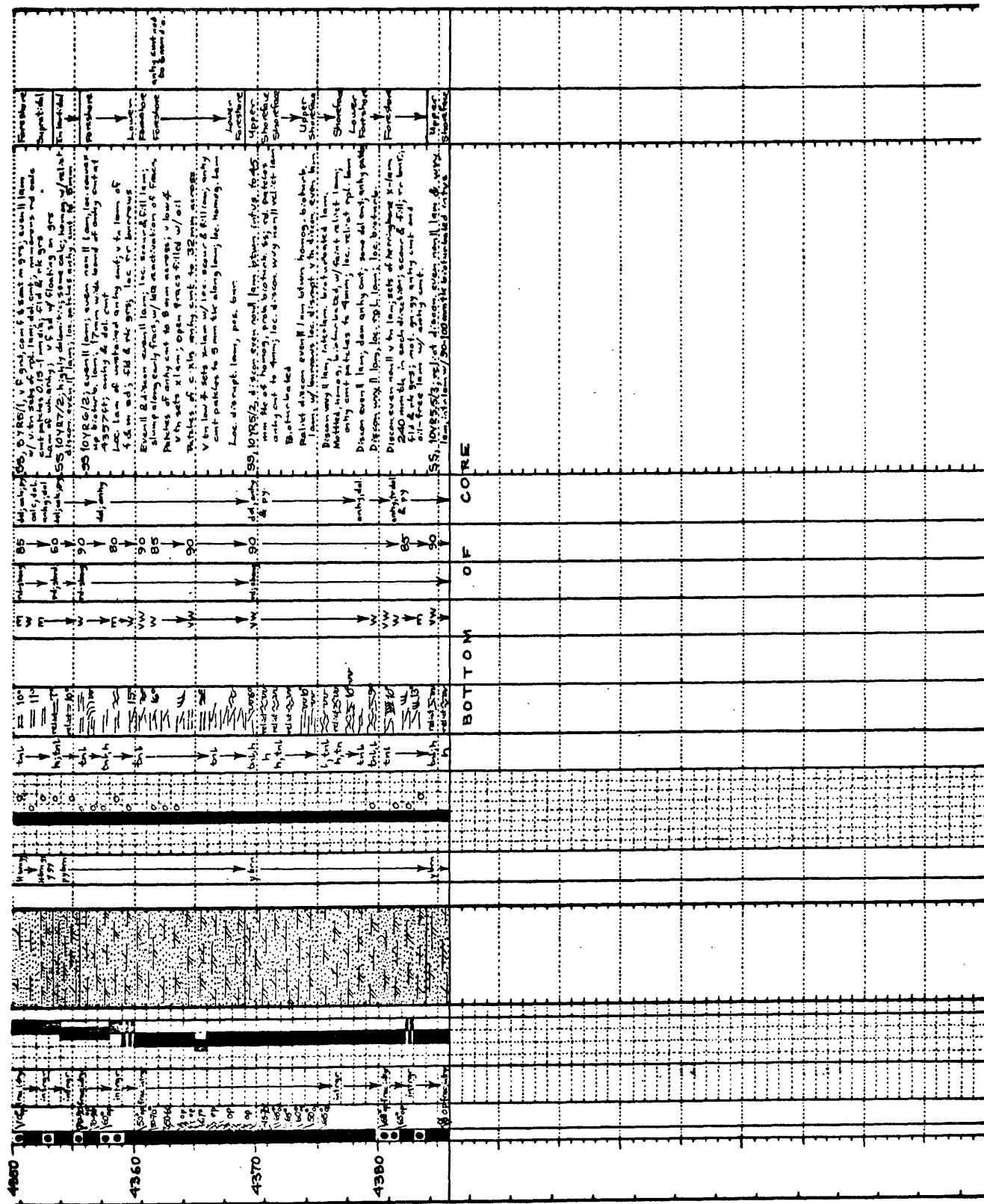


FIGURE 3. — Description of drill core from Atlantic Richfield Company Lost Soldier Tract 13, C-128 well

—Continued

LOCATION	N.W. N.W. SW.	Sec.	2	T.	26 N.	R.	20 W.
STATE	WYOMING	fr.	N. / S. line	fr.	E. / W. line		
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER	A-298		COUNTY	SWEETWATER			
COMPANY NAME	SINCLAIR OIL AND GAS COMPANY						
LEASE NAME	LOST SOLDIER TRACT 4, C-14						
AREA / FIELD	LOST SOLDIER OIL FIELD						
ELEVATION	K8	71.02	ft	2166	m		
	GL	70.24	ft	2163	m		
TOTAL DEPTH		77.32	ft	2358	m		
FORMATION AT SURFACE				PRODUCING FORMATION(S)			
	STEEL SHALE			TENSLEEP SANDSTONE			
OLDEST FORMATION PENETRATED							
PRECAMBRIAN ROCKS							
FORMATION AT TOTAL DEPTH				PRODUCING INTERVALS AND PRODUCTION DATA			
PRECAMBRIAN ROCKS				TENSLEEP SANDSTONE 5205-5582 ft			
COMMENCED	IX/5/63						
COMPLETED	IV/18/64			FORMATIONS CORED AND INTERVALS			
CASING (size; depth)	13 1/2" @ 5200' / 5257"			TENSLEEP SANDSTONE 5293-5635 ft			
	@ 7728' w/350			AMSDEN FORMATION 5635-5651 ft			
MECHANICAL/GEOPHYSICAL LOGS AVAILABLE; DEPTHS RUN				MADISON LIMESTONE MEMBER 5827-5830 ft			
INDUCTION-ELECTRICAL - LATEROLOG				CAMBRIAN AND PRECAMBRIAN ROCKS 5876-6001 ft			
SONIC-GAMMARAY	519-7727 ft			519-7728 ft			
GAMMA RAY - NEUTRON	3700-7731 ft						
REMARKS	DESCRIPTION OF SLABBED CORE, 2-17 cm segments per 30 cm (1 ft) depth						
STUDIED BY	M.W. REYNOLDS, J.E. FOX, T.S. AHLBRANDT			DATE	JANUARY, 1975		

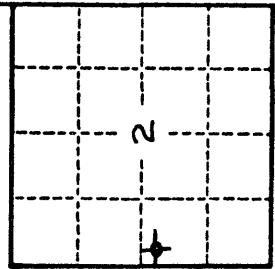


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well

LOCATION N.W. SW. Sec. 2 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-298 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION N.W. SW. Sec. 2 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-298 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

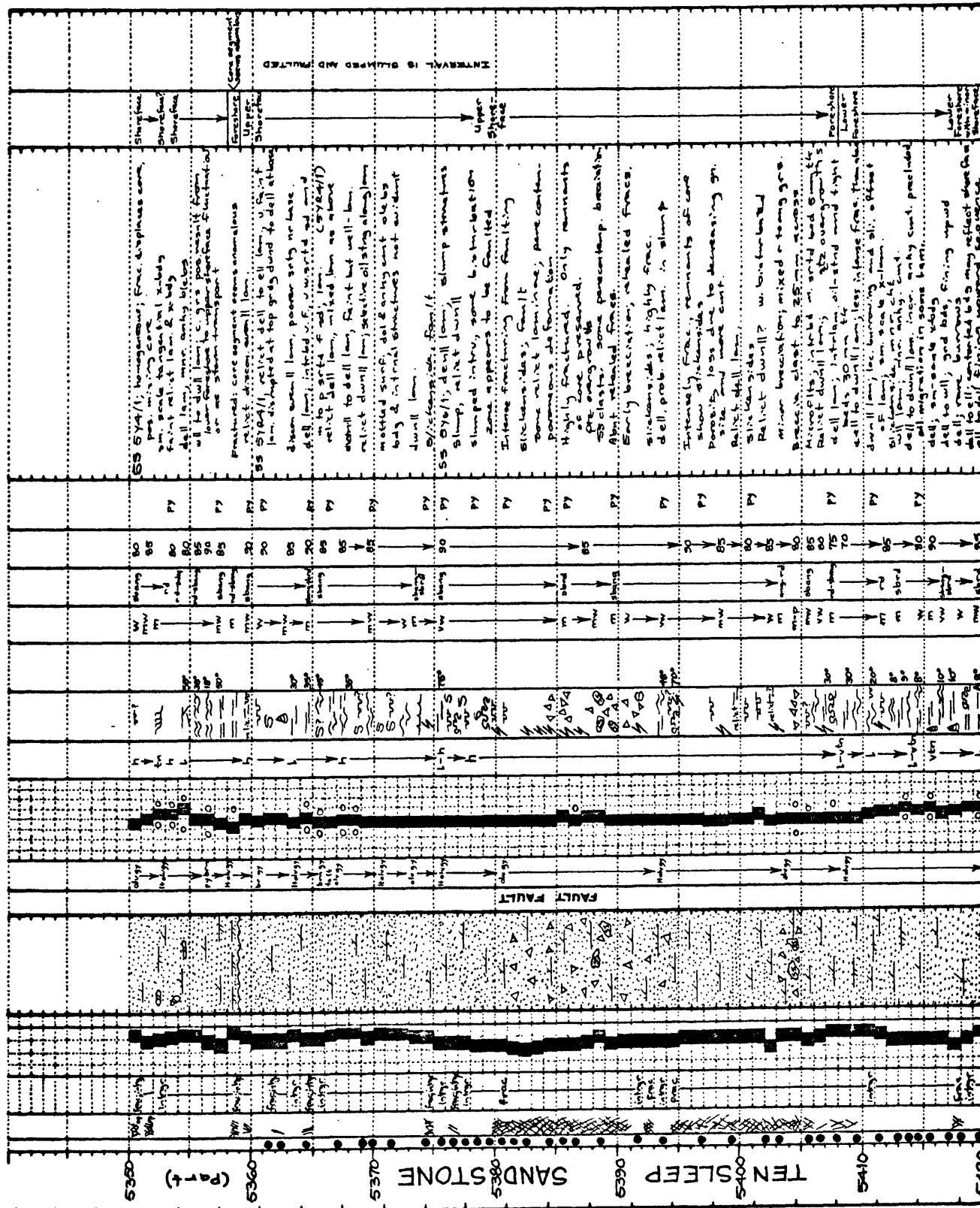


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

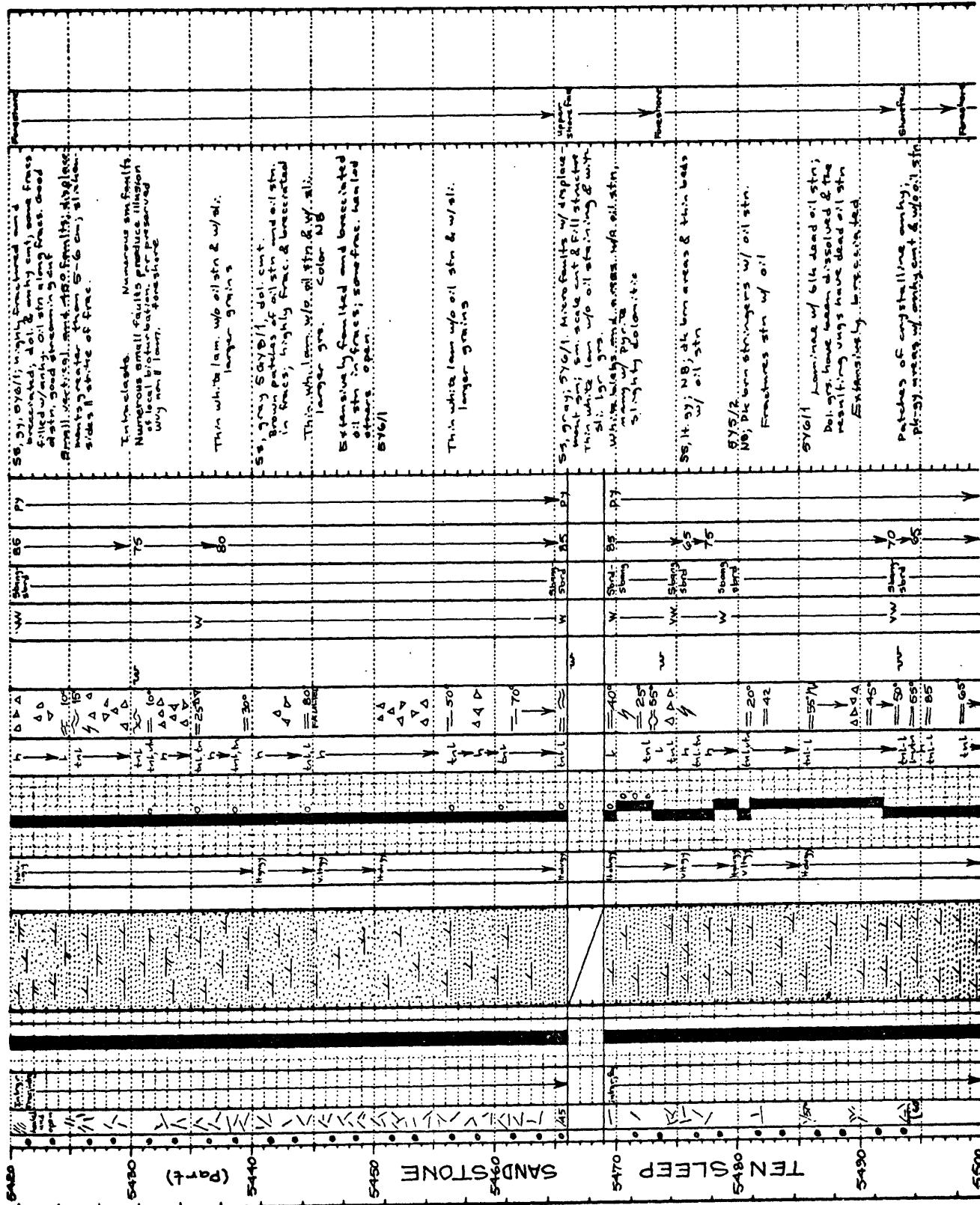


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company  
Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION.....NW. SW. Sec. 2.....T. 26 N. R. 90 W. ....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-298.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

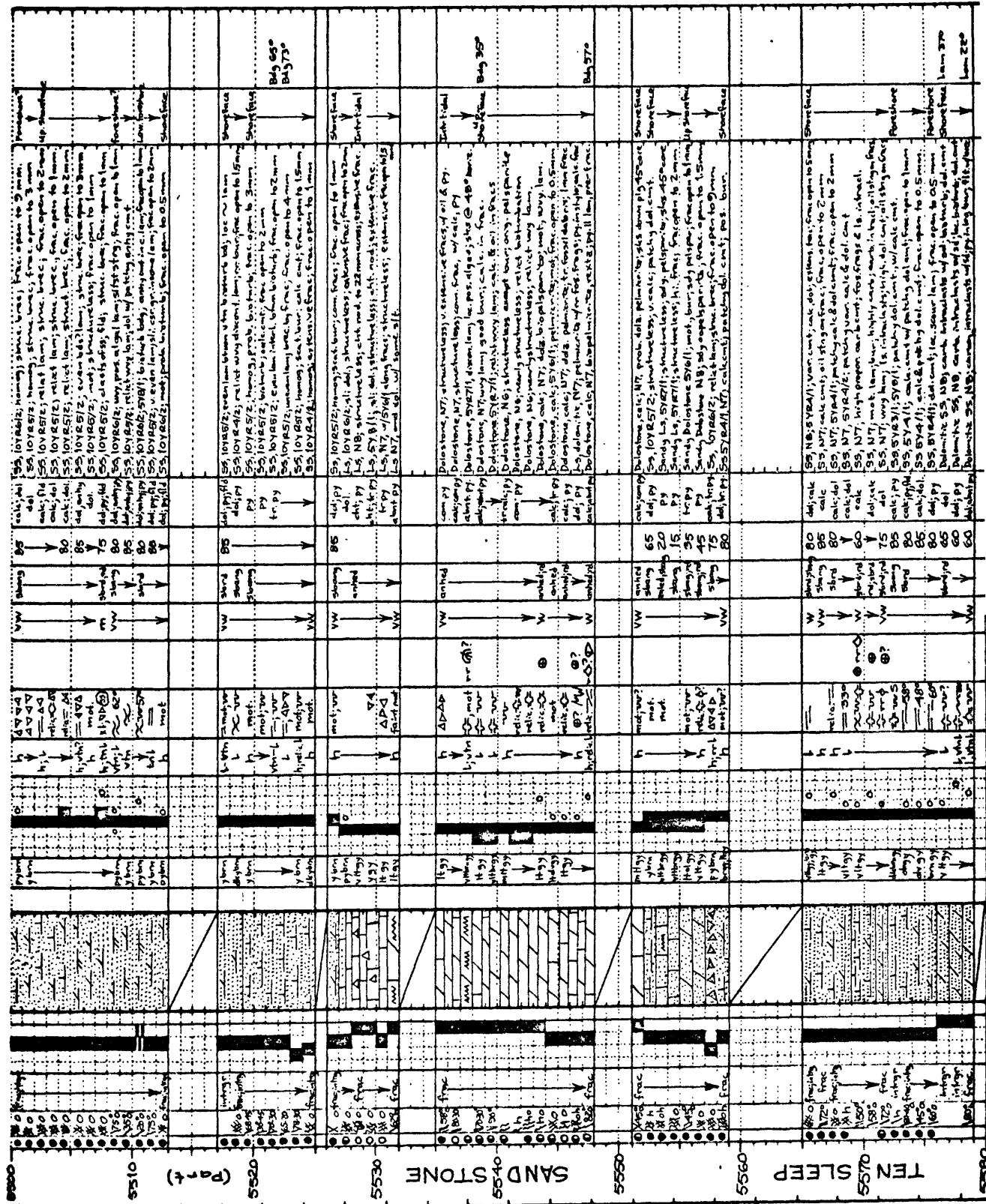


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION.....NW. SW. .... Sec. .... 2 ..... T. 26N. .... R. 90.W.  
STATE.....WYOMING ..... COUNTY.... SWEETWATER .....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-298 ..... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

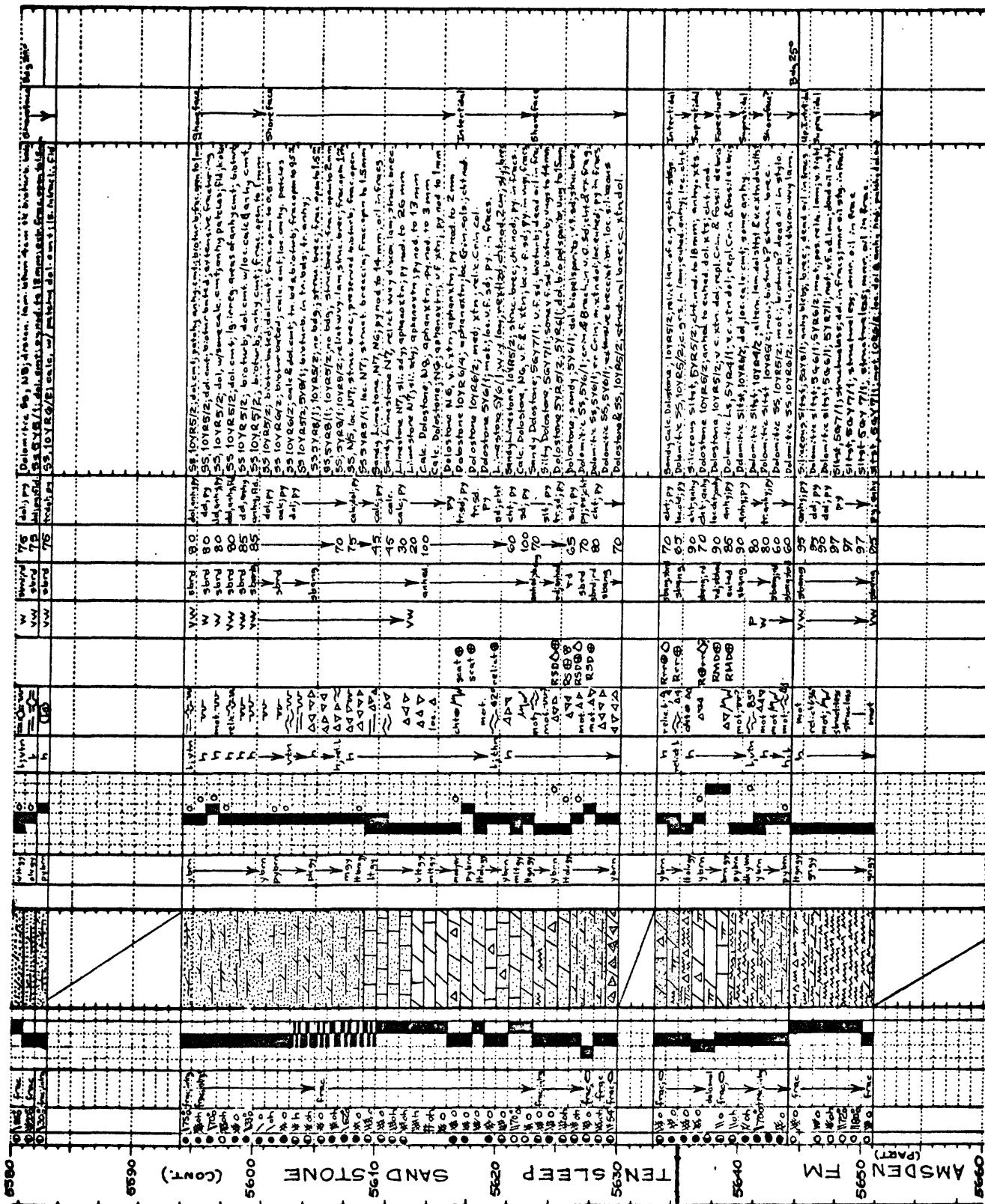


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION.....NW. SW.....Sec.....2.....T. 26 N.....R. 20 W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER..A-298.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

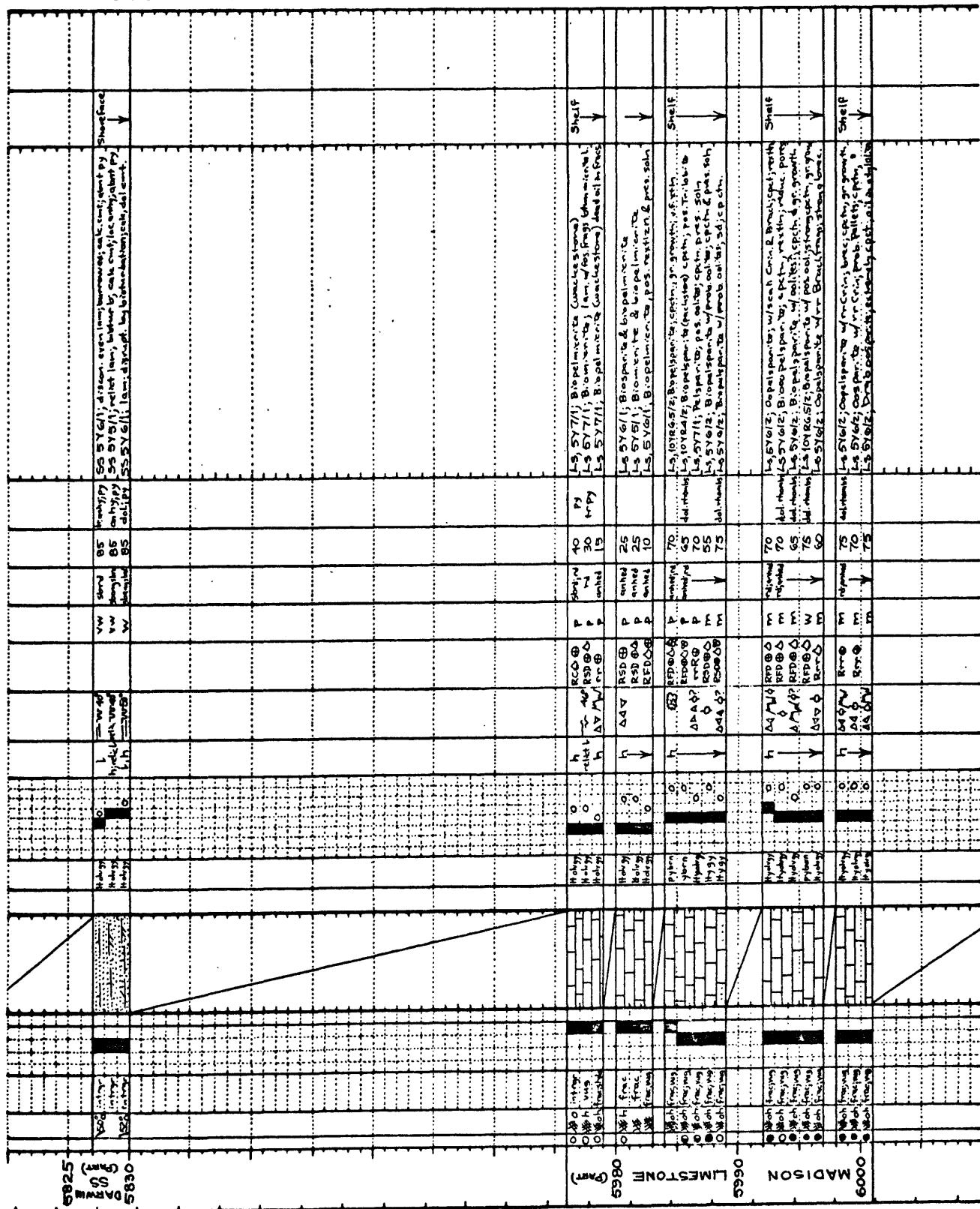


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION N.W. SW. Sec. 2 T. 2G. N. R. 90. W.  
 STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-298 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

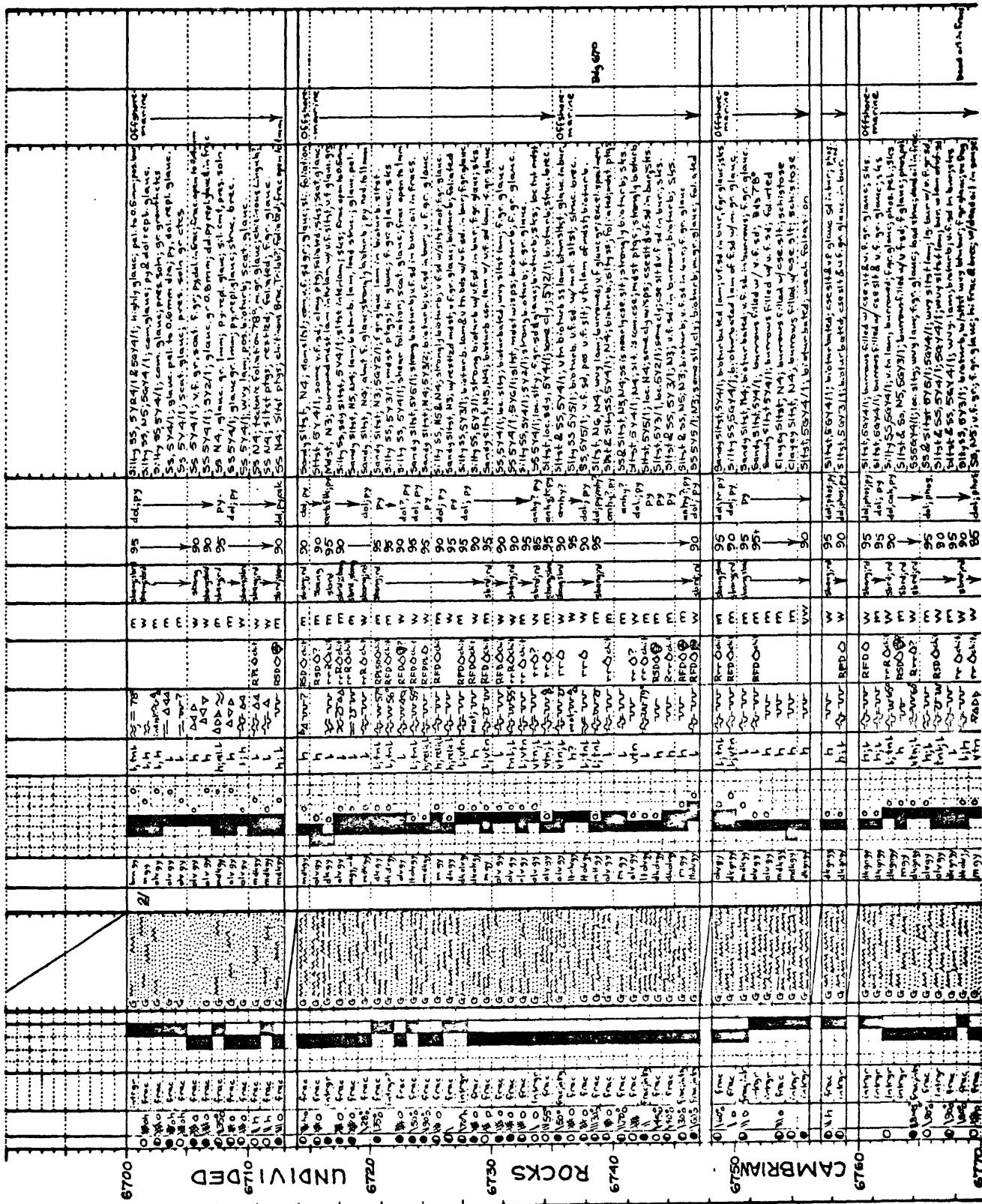


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company  
 Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION NW SW Sec. 2 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
 STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-298 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

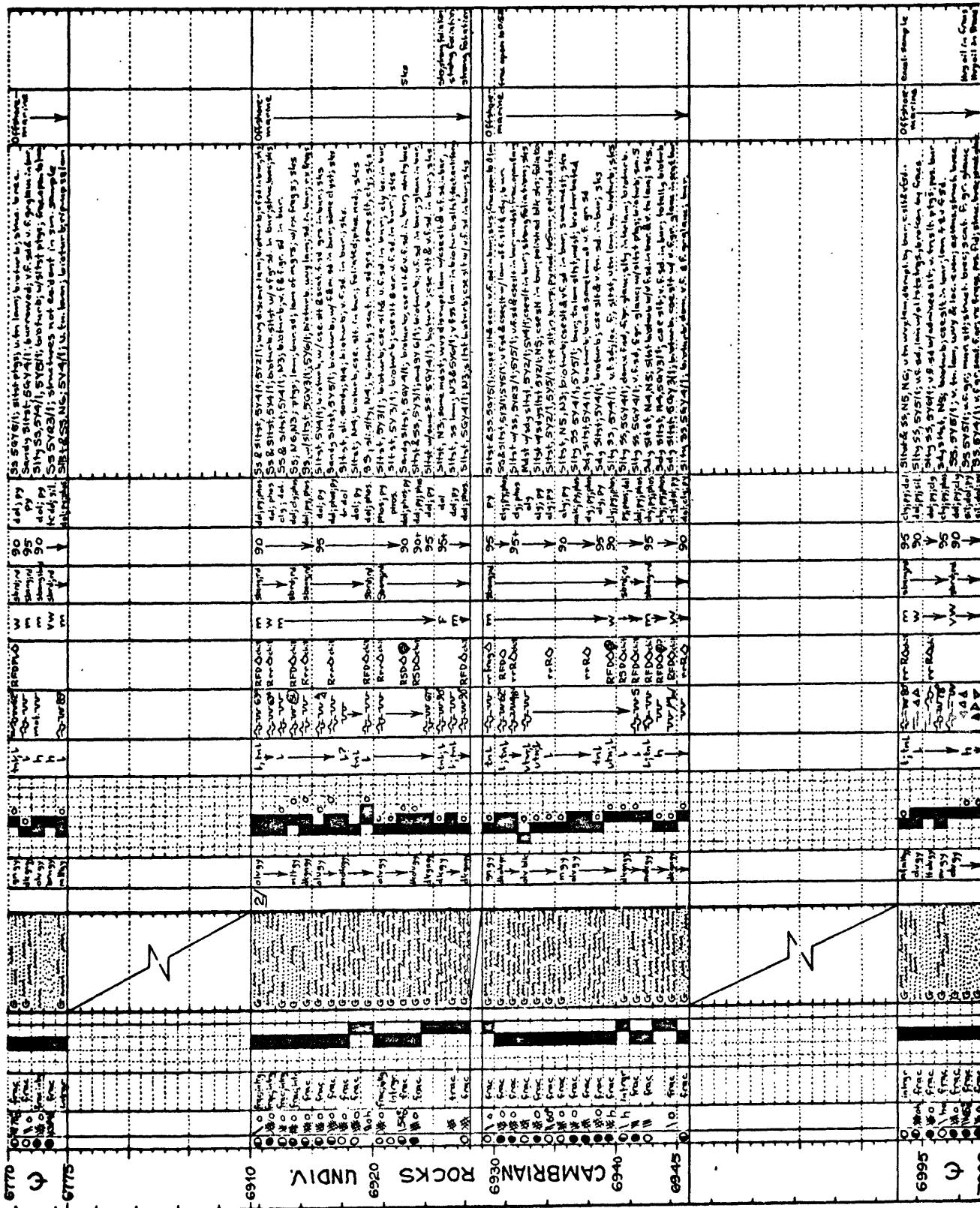


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company  
 Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION NW SW Sec 2 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-298 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

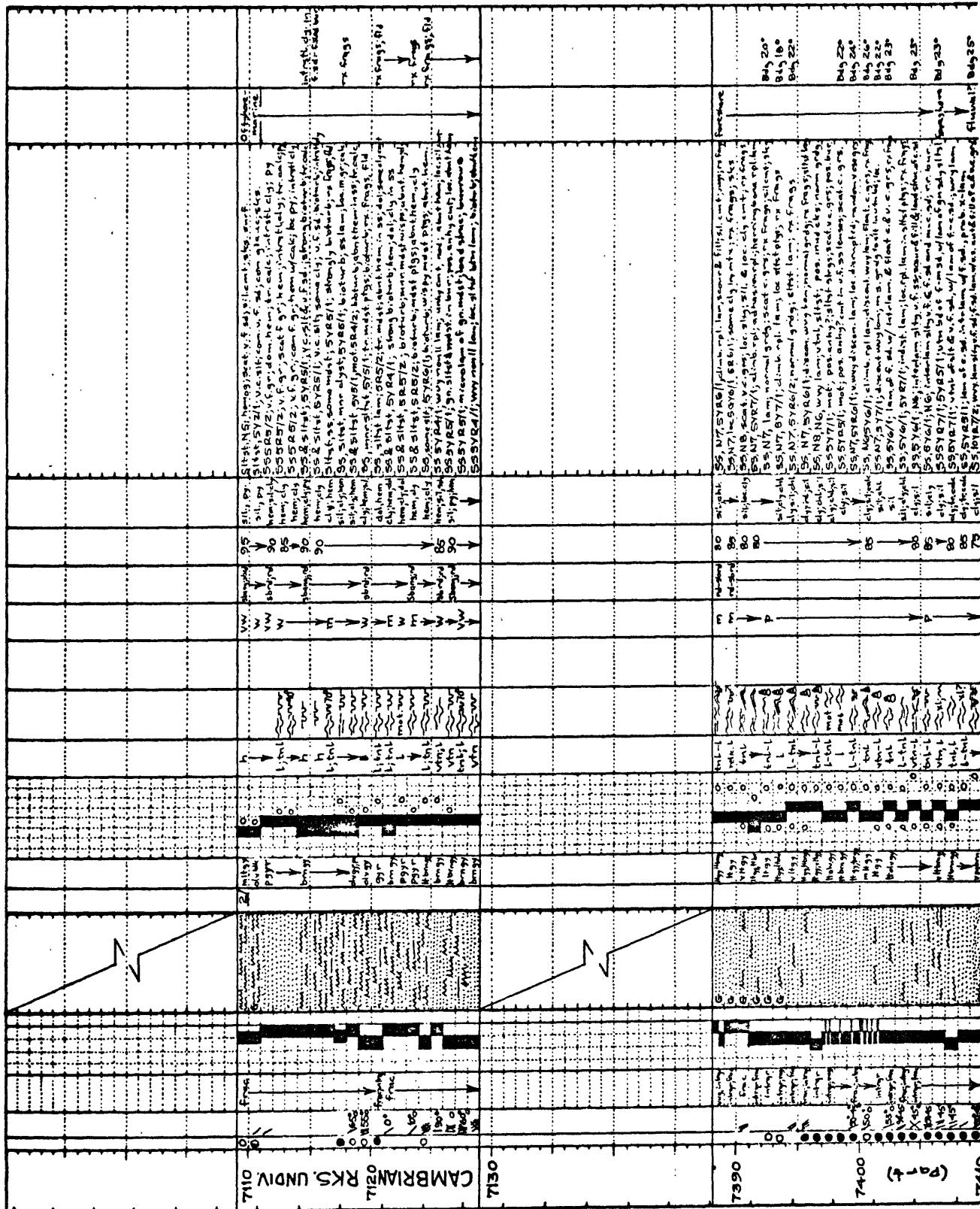


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well — Continued

LOCATION..... N.W. SW. .... Sec. .... 2 ..... T. 26 N. R. 90 W. ....  
 STATE..... WYOMING ..... COUNTY..... SWEETWATER .....  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER..... A29B ..... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06253

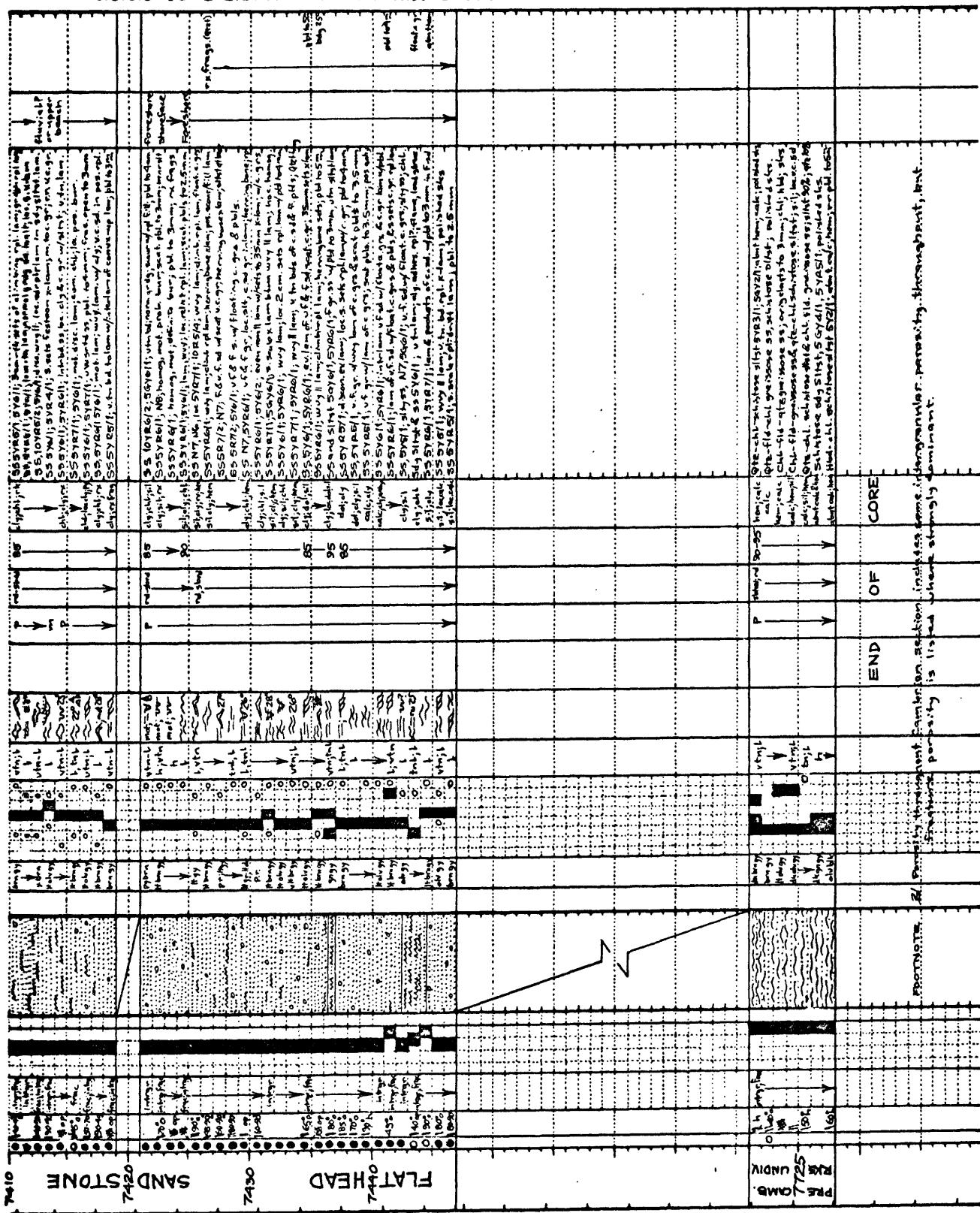


FIGURE 4. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company  
 Lost Soldier Tract 4, C-14 well—Continued

STUDIED BY T.S. AHLBRANDT; P.W. LAMBERT; J.E. FOX  
Assisted by TETTYE

FIGURE 5.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well

LOCATION.....S.E. S.W. N.W. .... Sec.....3..... T.....26.N..... R.....9.Q.W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING..... COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-315..... API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06282

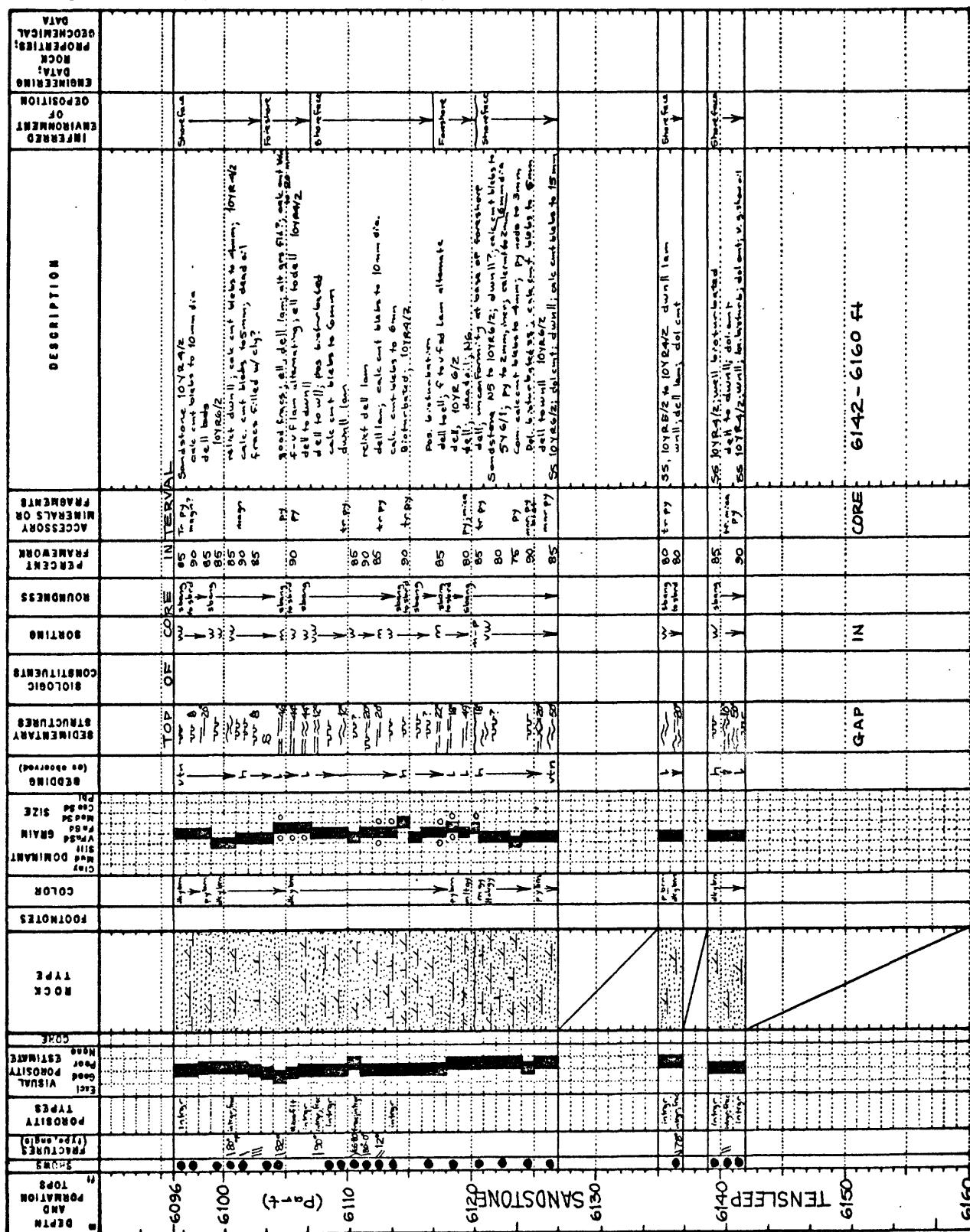
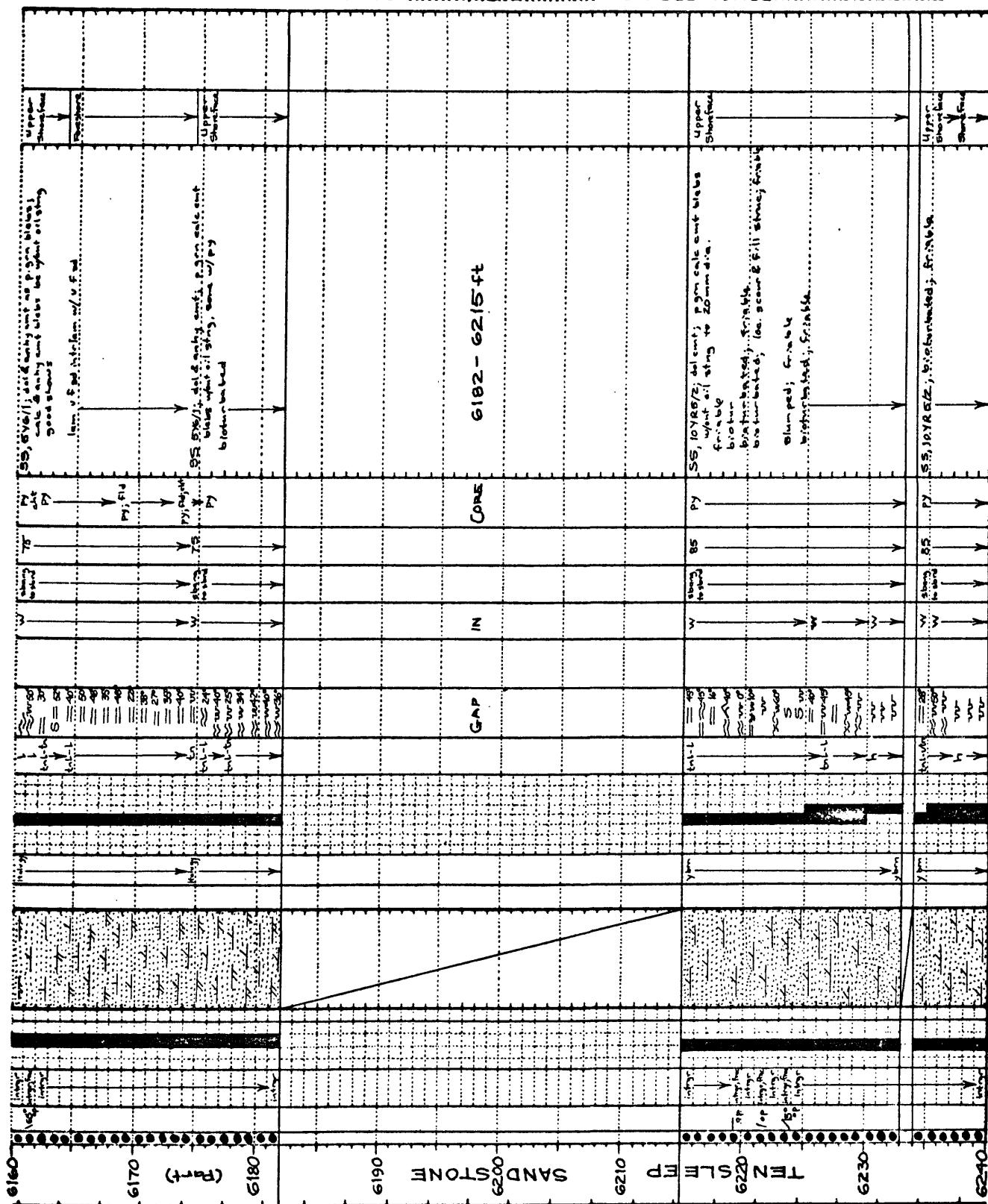


FIGURE 5.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, T-1 well—Continued

LOCATION.....S.E. S.W. N.W. Sec.....3.....T. 26 N.....R. 90 W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY.....SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-315.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06282



LOCATION.....SE.SW.NW. Sec.....3.....T. 2G.N. R. 9.O.W.....  
STATE.....W.Y.O.M.I.N.G. COUNTY SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-315.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06282

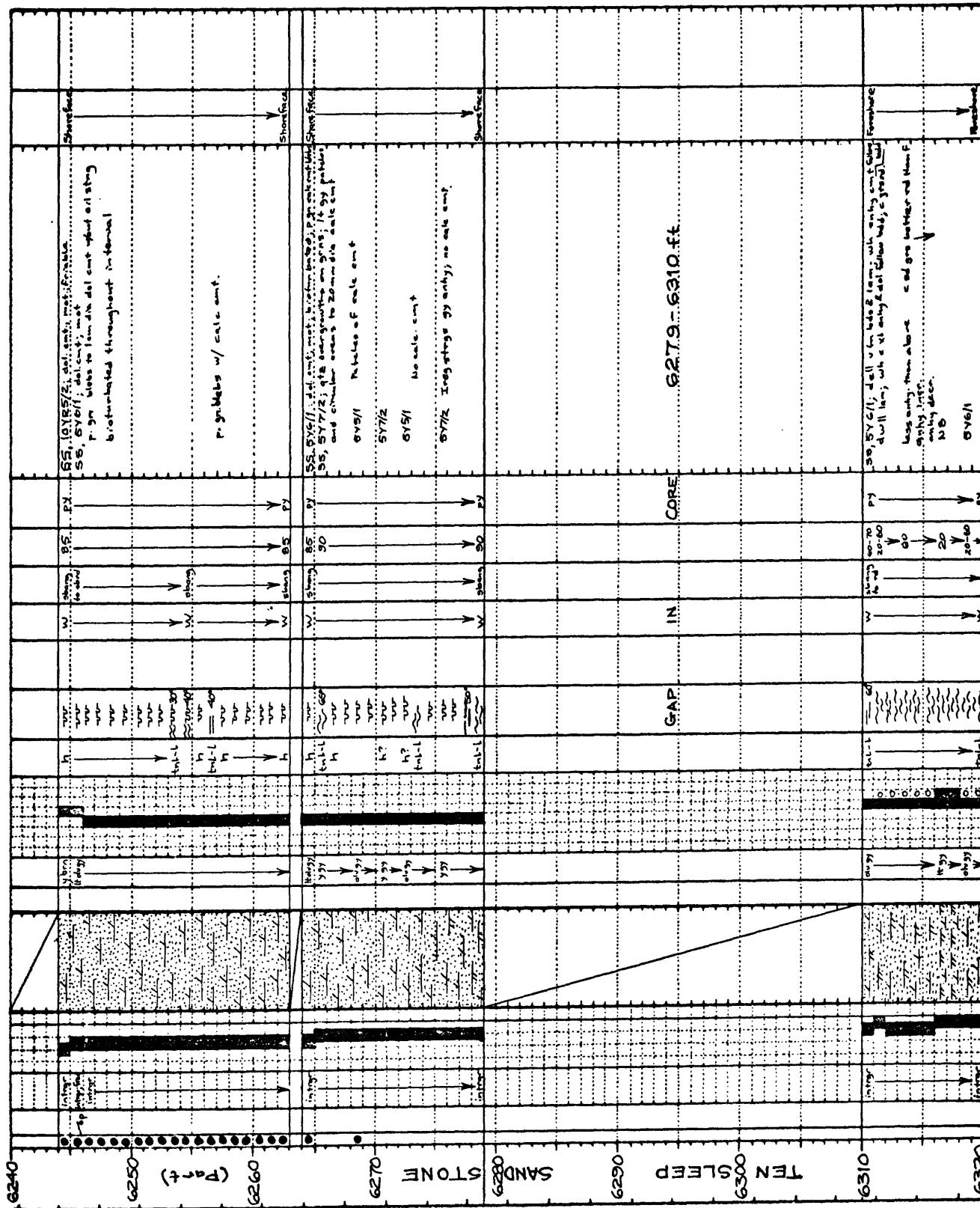
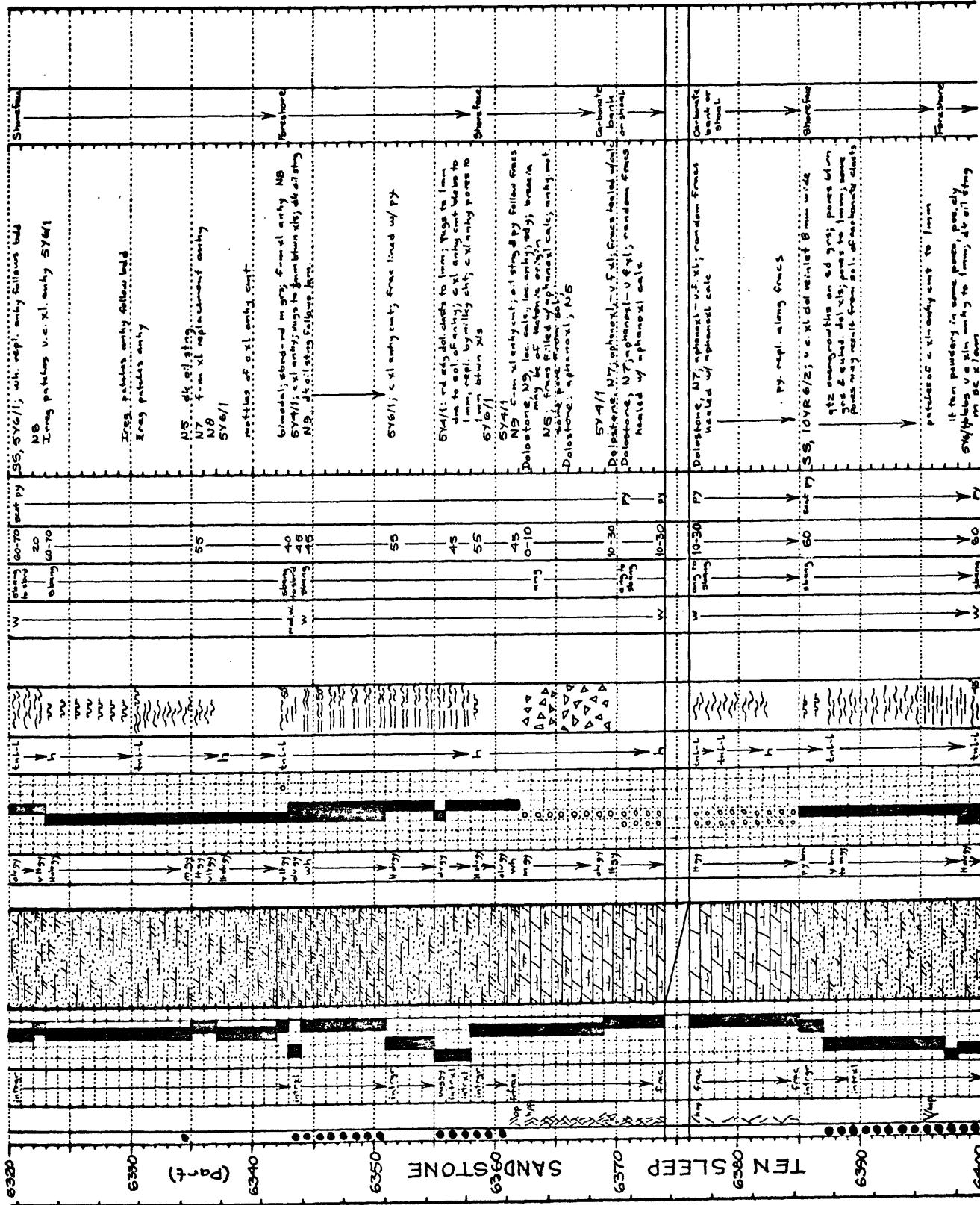


FIGURE 5.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10. T-1 well—Continued

LOCATION.....S.E. S.W. N.W. .... Sec. .... 3 ..... T. 26 N. .... R. 90 W. ....  
STATE.....WYOMING. .... COUNTY.... SWEETWATER. ....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-315.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06282



**FIGURE 5.** — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, T-1 well — Continued

LOCATION SE. SW. NW. Sec. 3 T. 26N. R. 90W.  
 STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-315 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06282

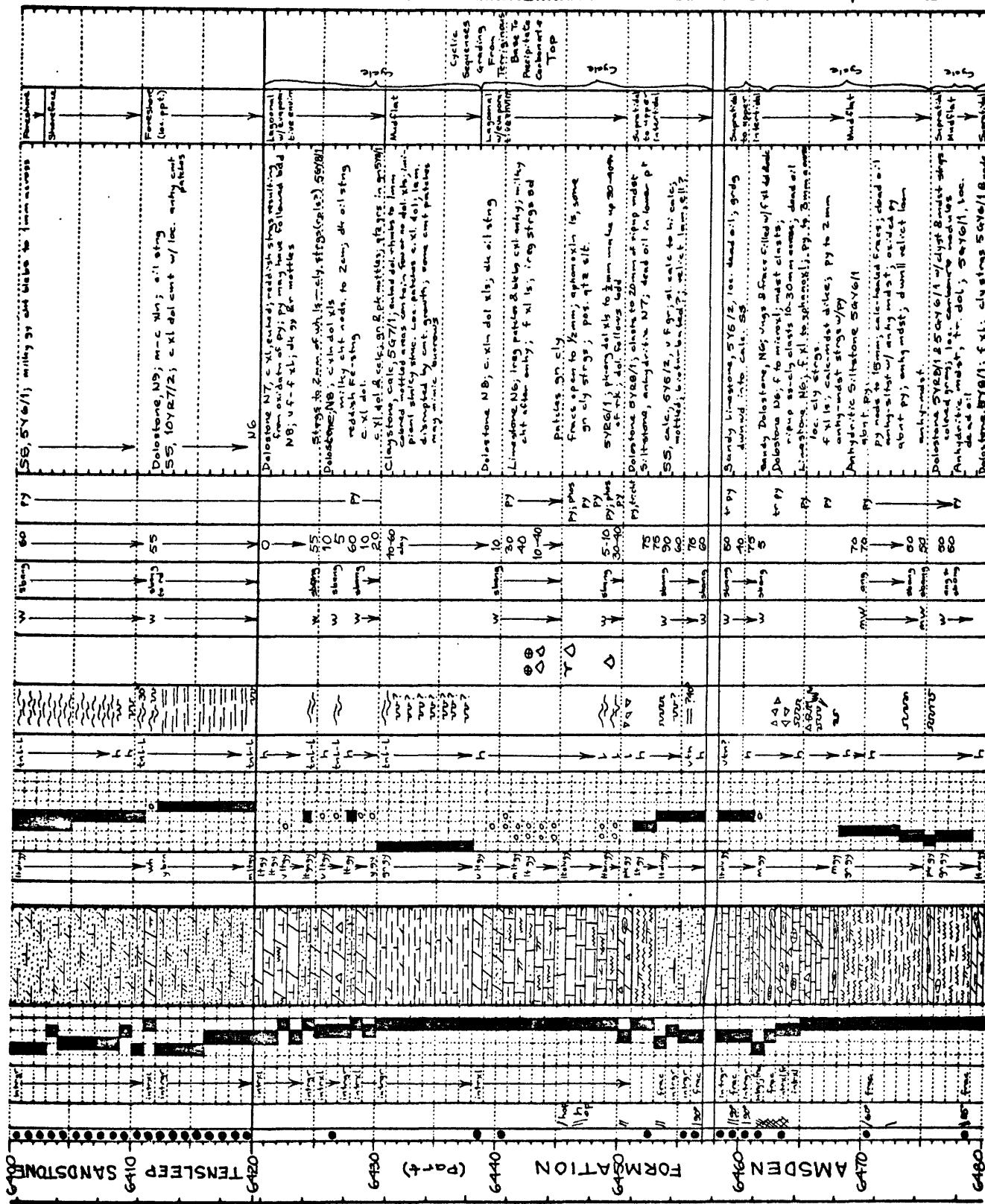


FIGURE 5. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, T-1 well — Continued

LOCATION SE SW NW Sec. 3 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-315 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06282

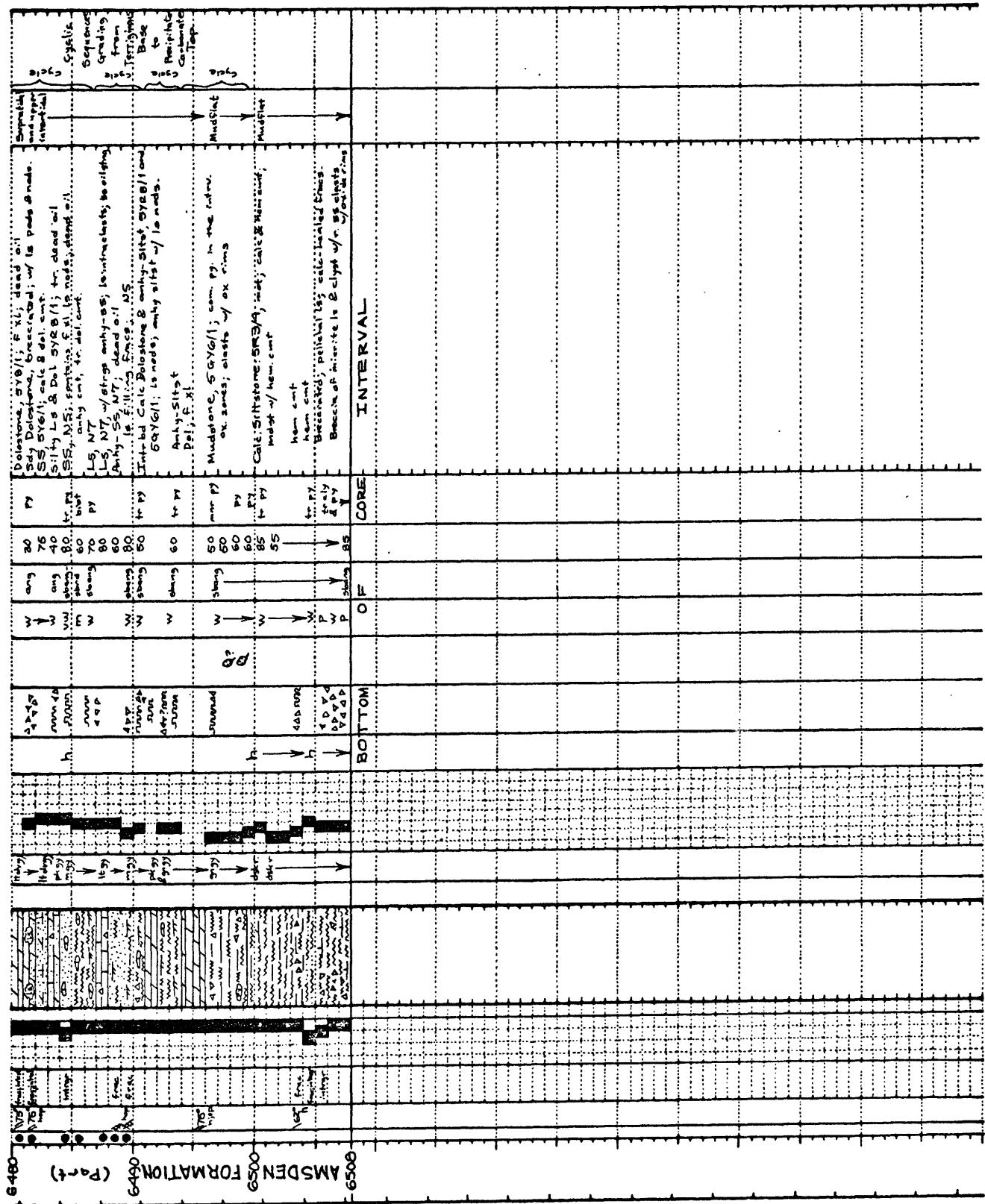


FIGURE 5.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, T-1 well—Continued

LOCATION	S.E. NW.NW.	Sec	3	T.	26.N.	R.	90.W.
STATE	WYOMING	11.	S. / N. line	99.0	11.	E. / W. line	
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER	A-306	COUNTY SWEETWATER					
COMPANY NAME	SINCLAIR OIL AND GAS COMPANY	API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06285					
LEASE NAME	LOST SOLDIER UNIT, TRACT 10, C-2						
AREA / FIELD	LOST SOLDIER OIL FIELD						
ELEVATION	KB. 7114 ft	ft	2172 m	PRODUCING FORMATION(S)			
	GL. 7106 ft	ft	2167 m	CAMBRIAN ROCKS			
TOTAL DEPTH	7878 ft	ft	2402 m	PRODUCING INTERVALS AND PRODUCTION DATA			
FORMATION AT SURFACE	STEELLE SHALE						
OLDEST FORMATION PENETRATED	Precambrian Rocks Undivided						
FORMATION AT TOTAL DEPTH	Precambrian Rocks						
COMMENCED	2/10/64						
COMPLETED	8/6/64						
CASING (size; depth)	13 $\frac{3}{8}$ " @ 644 w/650						
	" @ 7878 w/500						
MECHANICAL/GEOPHYSICAL LOGS AVAILABLE; DEPTHS RUN							
INDUCTION ELECTRICAL AND LATEROLOG	G-42-7867						
MICROLOG	5500-7870						
Sonic - GAMMARAY	G-42-7878						
GAMMARAY NEUTRON	5400-7820						
REMARKS	DESCRIPTION FROM SLABBED CORE 4-14 cm segments per 30 cm (1 ft) depth						
STUDIED BY	MITCHELL W. REYNOLDS						
DATE	February, 1975						

STUDIED BY MERRILL W. REYNOLDS DATE February, 1975

FIGURE 6.—Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well

LOCATION SE. NW. NW. Sec. 3 T. 26 N. R. 20 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-306 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-0628

FIGURE 6. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company  
Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well — Continued

LOCATION S.E. NW. NW. Sec. 3 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-306 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06285

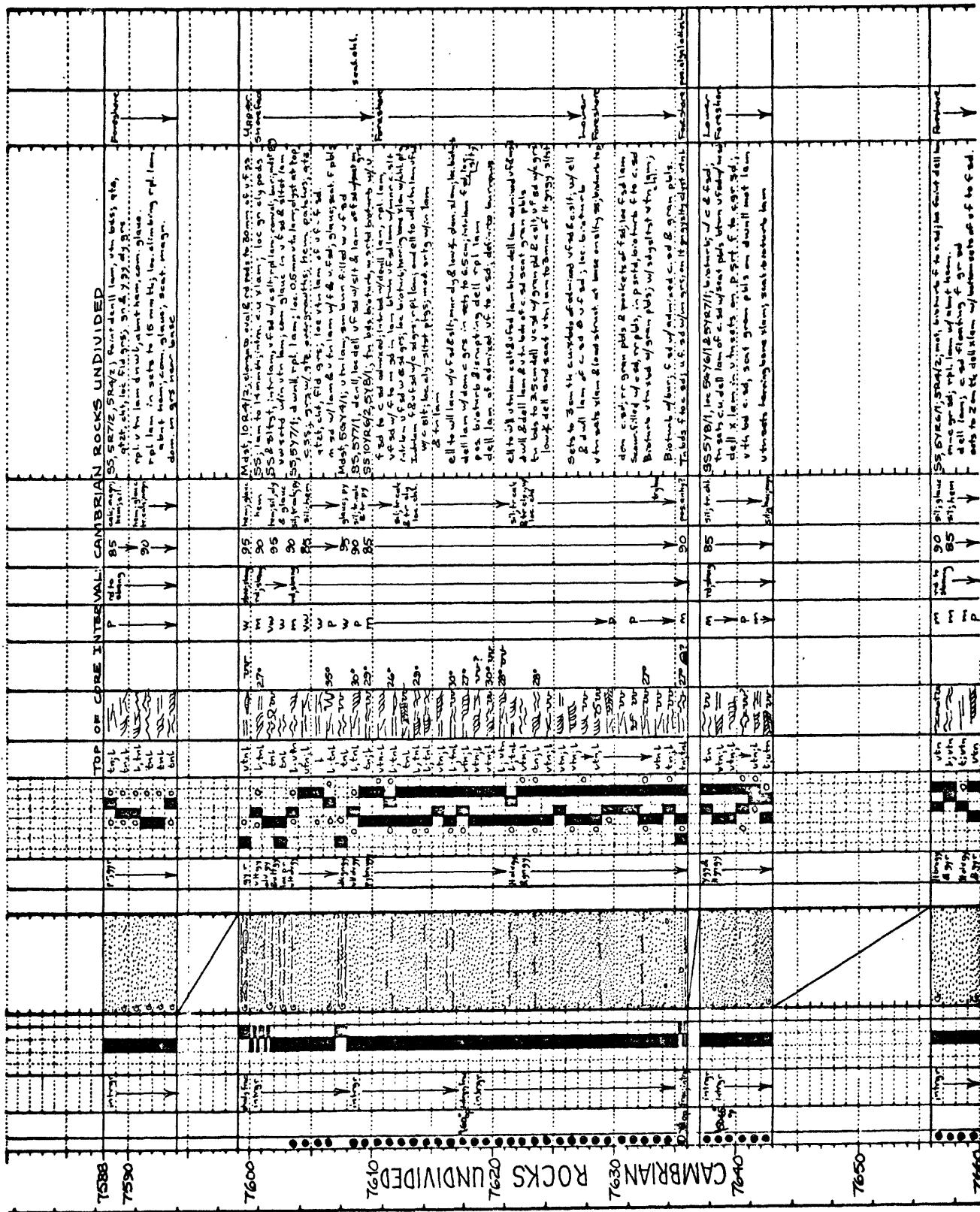
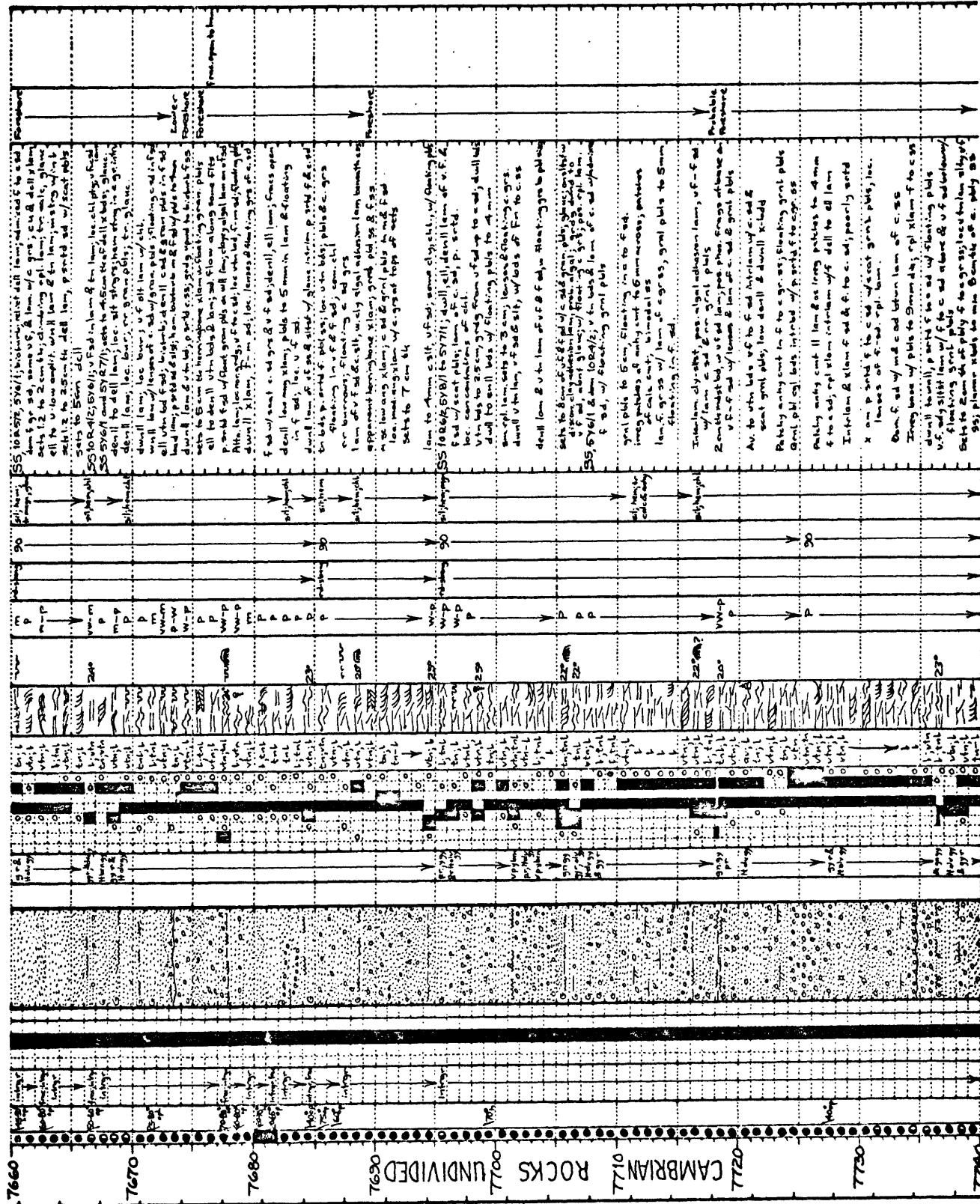


FIGURE 6. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well — Continued

LOCATION S.E. NW. NW. Sec. 3 T. 26 N. R. 90 W.  
STATE WYOMING COUNTY SWEETWATER  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER A-306 API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06285



**FIGURE 6.** — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well — Continued

LOCATION.....SE.N.W.N.W.....Sec.....3.....T....26.N.....R...S.O.W.....  
STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY...SWEETWATER.....  
U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-30G.....API WELL NUMBER49-037-06285.

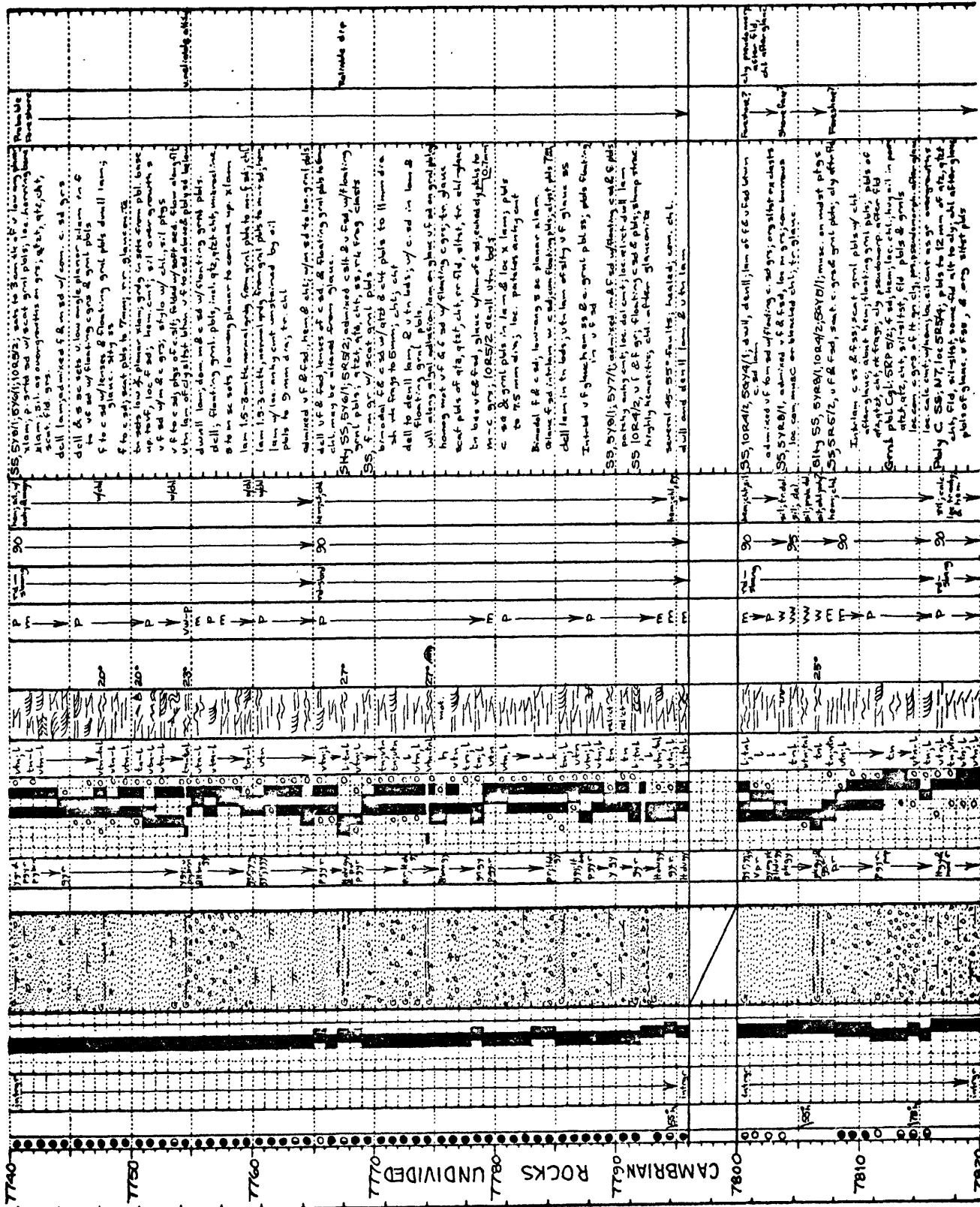


FIGURE 6. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well - Continued

LOCATION.....SE. NW. NW. Sec. 3.....T. 26 N.....R. 90 W.....  
 STATE.....WYOMING.....COUNTY...SWEETWATER.....  
 U.S.G.S. CORE LIBRARY NUMBER.....A-306.....API WELL NUMBER 49-037-06285

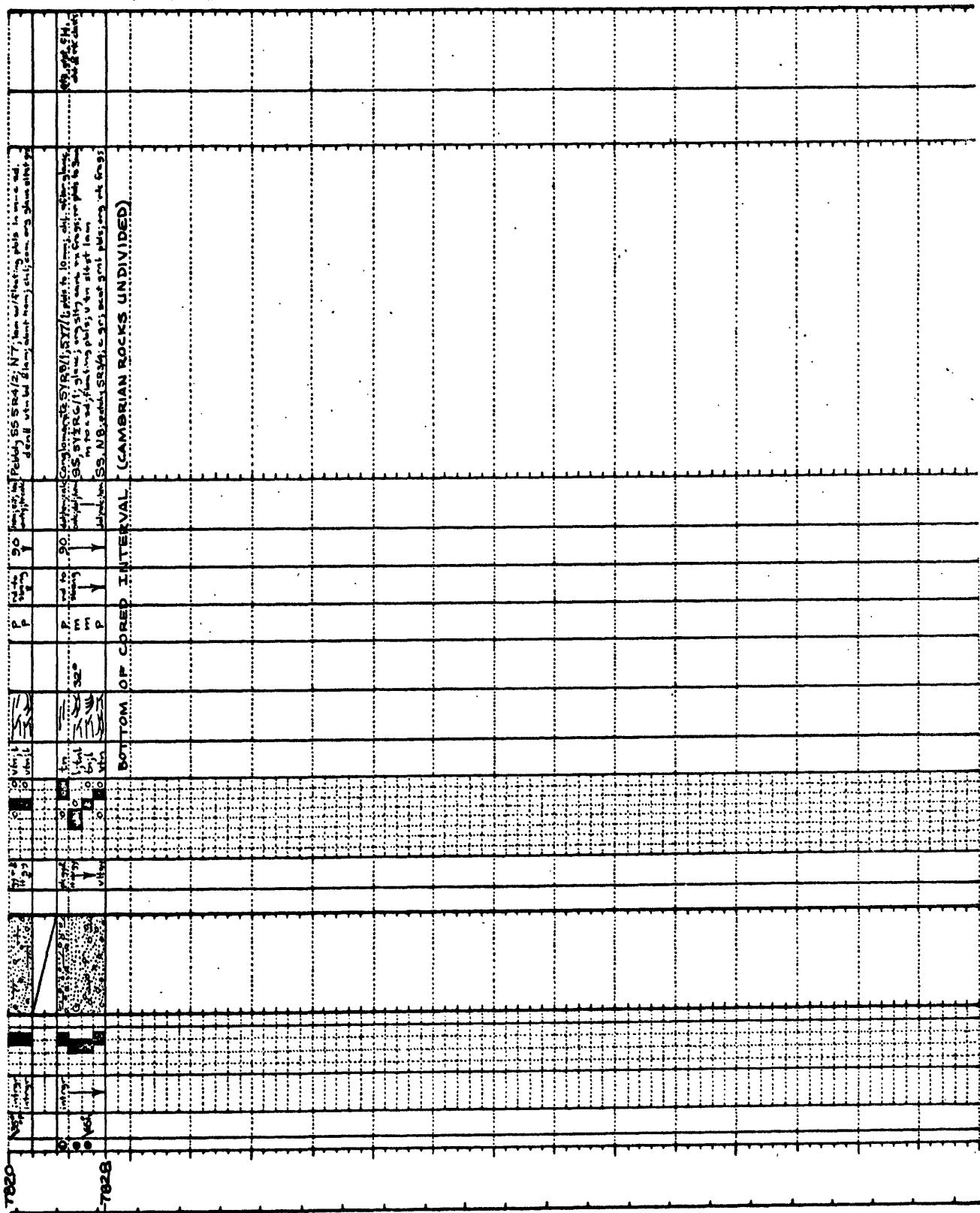


FIGURE 6. — Description of drill core from Sinclair Oil and Gas Company  
Lost Soldier Tract 10, C-2 well — Continued